#### **UNITED STATES** SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

#### FORM 8-K

Current Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): June 8, 2020

### DARÉ BIOSCIENCE, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) 001-36395 (Commission File Number)

20-4139823 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

3655 Nobel Drive, Suite 260 San Diego, CA 92122 (Address of Principal Executive Offices and Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (858) 926-7655

	Not Applicable (Former name or former address, if changed since last report.)
Che	ck the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):
	Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)  Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)  Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))  Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))
Sec	urities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:
	Title of each class Trading Symbol(s) Name of each exchange on which registered  Common Stock DARE Nasdaq Capital Market
	cate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 4 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).
	Emerging growth company □
	emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant ection 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

#### Item 8.01 Other Events

Included as Exhibit 99.1 to this report is a presentation about Daré and its product candidates, dated June 8, 2020, which is incorporated herein by reference. Daré intends to use the presentation and its contents in various meetings with investors, securities analysts and others, commencing on June 8, 2020.

#### Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

Exhibit No. Description

99.1 <u>Corporate presentation, dated June 8, 2020</u>

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

#### DARÉ BIOSCIENCE, INC.

Date: June 8, 2020

By: /s/ Sabrina Martucci Johnson
Name: Sabrina Martucci Johnson

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

# DARÉ IN ITALIAN, IT MEANS "TO GIVE." IN ENGLISH, IT MEANS "TO BE BOLD."



June 8, 2020

### Forward-Looking Statements

THIS PRESENTATION IS FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND IS NOT AN OFFER TO SELL OR A SOLICITATION OF AN OFFER TO BUY ANY SECURITIES OF DARÉ BIOSCIENCE, INC. ("DARÉ" OR THE "COMPANY"). THIS PRESENTATION INCLUDES CERTAIN INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM TRADE AND STATISTICAL SERVICES, THIRD PARTY PUBLICATIONS, AND OTHER SOURCES. DARÉ HAS NOT INDEPENDENTLY VERIFIED SUCH INFORMATION AND THERE CAN BE NO ASSURANCE AS TO ITS ACCURACY.

ALL STATEMENTS IN THIS PRESENTATION, OTHER THAN STATEMENTS OF HISTORICAL FACT, ARE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS WITHIN THE MEANING OF FEDERAL SECURITIES LAWS. IN SOME CASES, YOU CAN IDENTIFY FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS BY TERM SUCH AS "MAY," "WILL," "EXPECT," "PLAN," "ANTICIPATE," "STRATEGY," "DESIGNED," "COULD," "INTEND," "BELIEVE," "ESTIMATE," "TARGET," ("POTENTIAL" AND OTHER SIMILAR EXPRESSIONS, OR THE NEGATIVE OF THESE TERMS. AS USED IN THIS PRESENTATION, "FIRST-IN-CATEGORY" IS A FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENT REGARDING MARKET POTENTIAL OF A PRODUCT CANDIDATE. FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS INVOLVE RISKS, UNCERTAINTIES AND ASSUMPTIONS THAT MAY CAUSE DARÉ'S ACTUAL RESULTS, PERFORMANCE OR ACHIEVEMENTS TO BE MATERIALLY DIFFERENT FROM THOSE EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED BY THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS, NUCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES RELATING TO: THE OUTCOME OR SUCCESS OF CLINICAL TRIALS; DARÉ'S ABILITY TO RAISE ADDITIONAL CAPITAL AS NEEDED; DARÉ'S ABILITY TO OBTAIN AND MAINTAIN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY PROTECTION FOR ITS PRODUCT CANDIDATES; DARÉ'S ABILITY TO DEVELOP PRODUCT CANDIDATES ON THE TIMELINES SET FORTH HEREIN; INCLUDING DUE TO THE EFFECT, IF ANY, THAT COVID-19 MAY HAVE THEREON; AND OTHER RISK FACTORS DESCRIBED IN DARÉ'S MOST RECENT ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K AND QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q FILED WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION.

ALL FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS IN THIS PRESENTATION ARE CURRENT ONLY AS OF THE DATE HEREOF AND DARÉ DOES NOT UNDERTAKE ANY OBLIGATION TO UPDATE ANY FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENT TO REFLECT NEW INFORMATION, FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS OR OTHERWISE, EXCEPT AS REQUIRED BY LAW.

## WE ARE **ACCELERATING INNOVATION**IN WOMEN'S HEALTH

We're driven by a mission to accelerate a diverse portfolio of novel therapies for women that expand treatment options, improve outcomes and facilitate convenience.

With clinical trials underway, our initial focus areas include contraception, fertility, and sexual and vaginal health.



### We partner so we can...

Accelerate exciting new products

Develop new solutions to address persistent unmet needs

Become a pipeline resource for large and emerging commercial companies

Drive new innovation

#### We look for...

Highly differentiated products with attractive market opportunities Proof-of-concept and/or the ability to leverage a 505(b)(2) regulatory pathway First-in-category or first-line opportunities Personalized for women (non-systemic delivery)

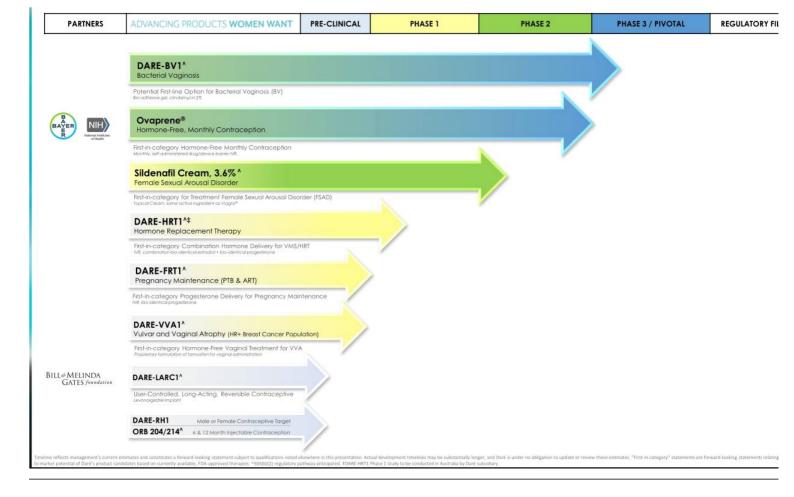
### We partner with...



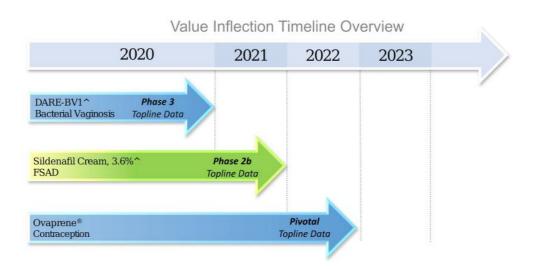








## WE ARE **ACCELERATING INNOVATION**IN WOMEN'S HEALTH



Timeline reflects management's current estimates and constitutes a forward-looking statement subject to qualifications noted elsewhere in this presentation. Actual development timelines may be substantially longer, and Daré is under no obligation to update or review these estimates. (505(b)(2) regulatory pathway anticipate





## Bacterial Vaginosis (BV) - What is the clinical issue?

#### Frequently recurring infection that can be difficult to treat

- The most common vaginal infection in women ages 15-44<sup>1</sup>
- Estimated to affect ~21 million women in the U.S.<sup>1</sup>
- Current prescription drugs are less than optimal with clinical cure rates ranging from 37-68%<sup>2</sup>



#### BV increases clinical risks<sup>3</sup>

- · Preterm birth BV is linked to premature deliveries and low birth weight babies
- Sexually transmitted infections BV makes women more susceptible to sexually transmitted infections, such as HIV, herpes simplex virus, chlamydia or gonorrhea
- BV may increase the risk of developing a post-surgical infection after gynecologic procedures
- BV can sometimes cause pelvic inflammatory disease (PID), an infection of the uterus and the fallopian tubes that can increase the risk of infertility

### DARE-BV1

#### CURATIVE POTENTIAL FOR THE MOST COMMON VAGINAL INFECTION (WOMEN AGES 15-44)

#### Investigator Initiated Proof of Concept Study

Prod	uct	Clinical (Amsel) Cure	Bacteriologic (Nugent) Cure	Therapeutic Cure	
DARE-BV1		86%	57%*	57%*	
Solosec <sup>®2</sup> (see	midazole 2g oral granules)	53-68%	40-46%	35-40%	
Clindesse*3	clindamycin phosphate Vaginal Cream, 2%	41-64%	45-57%	30-42%	
Metronidazole	gel, 1.3% <sup>4</sup>	37%	20%	17%	

<sup>\*</sup> Based on data from 7 evaluable patients

DARE-BV1 is a thermosetting vaginal gel formulated with clindamycin phosphate 2%, a well known and well characterized antibiotic, that is designed for prolonged, localized release.

- Proof of Concept Study: 28 of 30 women completed the study
  Primary endpoint: Test-of-Cure Visit (Day 7 14)

   24 of 28 (86%) women achieved clinical cure based on Amsel criteria

   4 of 7 (57%) women had bacteriologic cure and 4 of 7 (57%) had therapeutic cure
  Continued clinical response visit (Day 21 30)

   22 of 24 (92%) women showed continued clinical cure

   7 of 9 women had bacteriologic cure and 6 of 9 had therapeutic cure

- No clinical studies have been conducted to evaluate the efficacy of DARE-BVI compared to any FDA-approved products. The proof of concept study emilled 30 women, ages 18-50, and assessed the safety and efficacy of DARE-BVI to treat BV after a single administration. The cure rates presented for the FDA appropriate in the fallowing products identified in the table are based on information provided in the product is table.

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#### DARE-BV1

#### Phase 3 Clinical Study Design

#### Day 1 Baseline Visit

Tests Performed:

- · Signs & symptoms
- pH
- · Saline "wet mount"
- · 10% KOH "whiff test"



2 to 1 Randomization





Day 7 - 14 Secondary Endpoint (Test-of-Cure Visit)

#### Tests Performed:

- Signs & symptoms
- pH
- · Saline "wet mount"
- 10% KOH "whiff test"
- Nugent score

Day 21 - 30 **Primary Endpoint** (Test-of-Cure Visit)

#### Tests Performed:

- Signs & symptoms
- pH
- · Saline "wet mount"
- 10% KOH "whiff test"
- Nugent score

Placebo Single administration of DARE-BV1 or placebo

> N ~220 subjects (age 12 and above) Duration ~30 days per subject Diagnosis - Bacterial vaginosis

Definitions:
Primary Endpoint: Clinical Cure (Day 21-30): Resolution of the abnormal vaginal discharge associated with BV; Negative 10% KOH "whiff test"; Clue cells < 20% of the total epithelial cells in the saline wet mount. Secondary endpoints: Proportion of subjects with Clinical Cure, Bacteriological Cure and Therapeutic Cure at Day 7-14 Visit.
Bacteriological Cure: a Nugent score < 4.
Therapeutic Cure: both a Clinical Cure and Bacteriological Cure.





The U.S. contraceptive market size is projected to reach USD 9.6 billion by 2027 expanding at a CAGR of  $\sim$ 4.2%  $\sim$ 37 million U.S. women of reproductive age are estimated to currently use a contraceptive method  $^2$ 

Grand View Research report, Feb 2020, https://www.grandviewresearch.com/industry-airalysis/us-contraceptive-market

### Contraception – what kinds of products are successful?



Mirena® Hormone IUD
(levonorgestrel-releasing intrauterine system) 52mg

Physician inserted, long-acting. low/locally delivered homone IUS



 $\label{losstrin} Lo\ Loestrin^{\scriptsize (8)}$  (norethindrone acetate and ethinyl estradiol, ethinyl estradiol tablets)

Lowest amount of daily estrogen (10 micrograms) available in pill form



NuvaRing®
(etonogestrel/ethinyl estradiol vaginal ring

Monthly vaginal ring

2019 worldwide sales: €1.2 billion (Bayer)¹

2019 US sales: \$588 million (Allergan)2

2019 worldwide sales: \$879 million (Me

#### Lower hormone levels and more convenient delivery platforms

https://s21.q4cdn.com/488056881/files/doc\_financials/2019/q4/2019-Form-10-K-Final.pdf.

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### Contraception - what kinds of features are women seeking

#### Effective pregnancy prevention

#### Less Hormones

 A majority of women prefer a monthly option with a lower hormone dose than the standard birth control pill.

#### Convenient dosing forms

 Independent surveys revealed that the vaginal ring has many of the features women deemed extremely important.<sup>2</sup>

#### Defined coverage periods

• ~70% of women who practice contraception use non-coital (not in the moment) methods.<sup>3</sup>

METHOD	No. of women	% of women aged 15-44	% of women at risk of unintended pregnancy	% of contraceptive users
PRI		15.6		
Tubal (female) sterilization	9,572,477 8,225,149	15.6	22.7	25.3 21.8
Male condom	5,496,905	8.9	13.0	14.6
Mare condom IUD	4.452.344	7.2	10.6	11.8
	4,452,544	(62)	10.6	11.6
Vasectomy (male sterilization)	2.441043	4.0	5.8	6.5
Withdrawal		5.0	7.2	81
	3.042,724			
Injectable	1,481,902	2.4	3.5	3.9
Vaginal ring	905,896	1.5	2.1	2.4
Fertility awareness-				
based methods	832,216	1.3	2.0	2.2
Implant.	965,539	1.6	2.3	2.6
Patch	69,106	0.1	0.2	0.2
Emergency contraception	69,967	0.1	0.2	0.2
Other methods*	234,959	0.4	0.6	0.6
No method, at risk of				
unintended pregnancy.	4,408,474	7.2	10.5	na
No method, not at risk	19,302,067	31.4	na	na
Total	61,491,766	100.0	100.0	100.0

		www.gutt	macher.o

Hooper, DJ, Clin Drug Investig. 2010;30(11):74963 Lessard, L,Perspectives on Sexual and Reproductive Health, Volume 44, Number 3,9-2012 https://www.outmacher.org/ficts-sheet/contraceptive-use-united-states

## Contraception – what products are hormone-free?12



Trussell J. Contraceptive Efficacy. In Hatcher RA. Trussell J. Nelson AL. Cates W. Kowal P. Policar M. Contraceptive Technology. Twentieth Revised Edition. New York, NY: Ardent Media, 2011. http://www.contraceptivetechnology.org/universativations/contractivatio

### Contraception – what's missing from hormone-free option



### Ovaprene® Investigational Homone-Free, Monthly Contraceptive

Desired Features of Birth Control Products: 1-4	Design Features of Ovaprene:5-7
+ Efficacy	86% - 91% Expected Typical Use Effectiveness Approaching Hormone Contraception
+ Hormone Free	No Hormones in the API Unique dual action MOA (spermiostatic &barrier)
+ Convenience	Monthly Ring Form Women choose monthly rings for the convenience of a non-daily option
+ Favorable Side Effect Profile	No Colposcopic Abnormalities No significant changes in vaginal flora and no serious adverse effects observed in prior published study
+ Easily Manage Fertility	No Systemic/Long-term Activity Inserted and removed without a provider allowing for immediate return to fertility

## Physical Barrier<sup>8</sup> Three-dimensional, knitted polymer bo Spermiostatic Environment 8 Contraceptive-loaded silicone ring rele non-hormonal active Ferrous gluconat

u/news-releases/news-release-details/dare-bioscience-announces-positive-traumps-puss<sub>aurone-ress</sub> dictine 2009, 54-685-690 Exacy. In Hatcher RA, Trussell J., Nelson AL, Cates W., Kowal D, Policar M. Contraceptive Technology: Twentieth Revised Edition. New York, NY: Artlent Media, 2011.

### Ovaprene® Investigational Hormone-Free, Monthly Contraceptive

### U.S. Regulatory Strategy

Premarket approval (PMA) with the Center for Devices and Radiological Health (CDRH) as lead review division

#### Step 1 (Completed)

Postcoital Test (PCT) Study - Completed 4Q 2019

#### Step 2 (Ongoing)

- File investigational device exemption (IDE) to support 2022 pivotal study readout
- Conduct pivotal study
  - Topline data expected by year-end 2022
  - · ~250 completers up to 12 months of use
  - · Primary endpoints: safety and efficacy (pregnancy
  - · Secondary endpoints: acceptability, product fit/ease of use and assessments of vaginal health

#### The PCT Clinical Study Met its Primary Endpoint 2

Ovaprene prevented the requisite number of sperm from reaching the cervix across all women and all cycles evaluated.

- Specifically, in 100% of women and cycles, an average of less than five (<5) progre motile sperm (PMS) per high-powered field (HPF) were present in the midcycle cervical r collected two to three hours after intercourse with Ovaprene in place.
- Women enrolled in the study who completed at least one Ovaprene PCT (N=26) had a rr 27.21 PMS/HPF in their baseline cycle (without any contraceptive device), a mean of PMS/HPF in their diaphragm cycle (in the presence of an FDA-cleared diaphragm with spemicide), and a mean of 0.48 PMS/HPF in their Ovaprene PCT cycles (in the pres the Ovaprene device), with a median of zero PMS.

	Mean Propositely Mode Spenn	Median Propressively Mode Speem	Standard Deviation	Inte F
Baseline PCT's	27.21	23.20	17.88	
Ovaprene PCT's	0.48	0.00	1.18	

## Ovaprene® Investigational Homone-Free, Monthly Contraceptive



#### Ovaprene Commercial License Agreement with Bayer

January 2020 - Bayer, marketers of the \$1 billion Mirena contraceptive franchise, and Daré announced that the companies signed a license agreement under which Bayer may commercialize Ovaprene in the United States once approved by the FDA.



- Bayer received the right to obtain exclusive rights to commercialize the product in the U.S. following completion of the pivotal clinical trial if Bayer, in its sole discretion, makes payment to Daré of \$20 million.
- Daré may receive up to \$310 million in commercial milestone payments plus tiered royalties on n sales in the double-digits.
- Bayer supports the development and regulatory process by providing up to two full-time equivalent (internal experts), or FTEs, in an advisory capacity, which gives us access to their global manufactur regulatory, medical and commercial internal expertise.

We believe the licensing agreement with Bayer is validation of our broader corporate strategy and confirmation of Ovaprene's market potential as the first monthly non-hormonal contraceptive product in the US market.

tps://www.mirena-us.com/

l. https://ir.darebioscience.com/news-releases/news-release-details/hayer-and-dam-bioscience-announce-exclusive-licensing-agmement





The global female sexual dysfunction treatment market is expected to grow at ~37% CAGR from 2019 - 2023

ttps://www.businesswim.com/news/home/20190628005277/en/Global-Female-Sexual-Desfunction-Treatment-Market-2019-2023

### FSAD - what is the clinical issue?

Female Sexual Arousal Disorder (FSAD), is characterized primarily by an inability to attain of maintain sufficient genital arousal during sexual activity and, of the female sexual function disorders, is the analogous to erectile dysfunction (ED) in men.\*

The condition should be distinguished from a general loss of interest in sexual activity and from other <u>sexual dysfunctions</u>, such as the orgasmic disorder (<u>anorgasmia</u>) and <u>hypoactive sexual desire disorder</u> (HSDD), which is characterized as a lack or absence of sexual fantasies and desire for sexual activity for some period of time.<sup>1,2</sup>

\*Diagnostic and Statistical Manual 4th Edition Text Revision (DSMIV TR), defines female sexual arousal disorder as a pensistent or recurrent inability to attain or to maintain until completion of the sexual activity, an adequate lubrication-swelling response of sexual excitement. The diagnostic criteria also state that the inability causes marked distress or interpersonal difficulty, is not better accounted for by another Axis I disorder (except another sexual dysfunction) and is not due exclusively to the direct physiological effects of a substance (e.g., a drug of abuse, a medication) or a general medical condition.

https://drgeo.com/womens-sexual-health-overview/: https://health.usnews.com/conditions/sexual-disorder-dysfunction

### FSAD - what is the incidence?

Meta-analysis of 95 studies from 2000-2014 indicated the prevalence of Female Sexual Dysfunction in premenopausal women worldwide is 40.9%, and difficulty with arousal alone is 23%.

- 33% of women in the U.S. age 21 to 60 (approximately 20 million women), experience symptoms of low or no sexual arousal.<sup>2,3</sup>
- 10 million women are considered <u>distressed</u> and actively seeking treatment.<sup>2</sup>



McCool et al. Sex Med Rev 2016;4:197-212.
Ad Hoc Nativet Research: FSAD Prevalence Report (Oct 2015) conducted for SST LD.
Pages of on US Compary expirictions: 6th 2015.

### Topically administered Sildenafil Cream is...

- A PDE5 inhibitor utilized in ED medications for men (Viagra®),
- Designed to increase local blood flow to provide an improvement in genital arousal response
- Applied topically, avoiding hepatic first-pass metabolism response resulting in lower systemi exposure resulting in reduced side effects compared to oral sildenafil, including Viagra®
- Given the similarities between ED and FSAD, the active ingredient in Viagra® sildenafil m improve genital arousal response and overall sexual experience for women as it does in mei

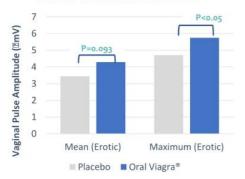
There are no FDA-approved Treatments for FSAD

Sildenafil Cream, 3.6%, (formerly SST-6007)

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### Statistically significant increases in Vaginal Pulse Amplitude (VPA)

Pfizer VPA Clinical Lab Study – Oral Viagra Mean and Maximum VPA†

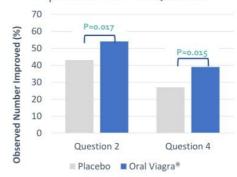


† Twelve healthy premenonausal women were studied

### Statistically significant improvement in genital stimulation (FIEI)<sup>2</sup>

Pfizer Clinical Field Study - Oral Viagra

Improvement on FIEI Questions†



Key Takeaways of Viagra® stud

- Increased blood flow and clinic efficacy observed with oral silder (Viagra®) in women.
- The side effect profile of the oral formulation was not optimal fo - leading to the exploration of altr delivery options including a topic of administration.

#### Female Intervention Efficacy Index (FIEI)

Ouestion #2 — "After taking study medication, the sensation/feeling in my genital (vaginal, labia, clitoris) area during intercourse or stimulation (foreplay) seemed to be: (a) more than before, (b) less than before, or (c) unchanged". Question #4, — "After taking the study medication, intercourse and/or foreplay was: (a) pleasant and satisfying; better than before taking the study medication, (b) unpleasant; worse than before taking study medication, (c) unchanged; no difference, or (d) pleasant; but still not like it used to be or I would like it to be." 202 postmenopausal women with FSAD who had protocol specified estradiol and free testosterone concentrations, and/or were receiving estrogen and/or androgen replacement therapy were studied.

The Enhancement of Vaginal Vasocongestion by Sildenafil in Healthy Premenopausal Women. Journal of Women's Health & Gender-Based Medicine. Vol. 11, No. 4, 2002.

### Phase 1 Study of SST-6007 (Sildenafil Cream, 3.6%)<sup>1</sup>

Normal healthy postmenopausal women were dosed with escalating doses of Sildenafil Cream, 3.6%, using a cross-over study design.

- Sildenafil Cream had significantly lower systemic exposure compared to a 50 mg oral sildenafil dose
  - AUC 3-6%
  - C<sub>max</sub> 1-2%
- Sildenafil Cream was safe and well tolerated at clinically relevant doses (1-2g)
- · Favorable product characteristics as self-reported by subjects
  - · Easy to use
  - · Readily absorbed

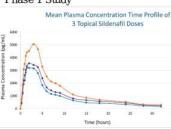
### Phase 2a Study of SST-6007(Sildenafil Cream, 3.6%)<sup>1</sup>

Demonstrated increased blood flow in the genital tissue compared to placebo (mean change in VPA analysis) in 31 women (pre and postmenopausal) ~30 minutes post dosing.

#### Phase 1 Study

Treatment	N=59	Sildenafil Single Dose	C <sub>max</sub> (ng/ml)	T <sub>max</sub> (hr)
Topical Sildenafil 1 g of cream	20	35 mg	3.4	2.37
Topical Sildenafil 2 g of cream	20	71 mg	3.8	2.27
Topical Sildenafil 4 g of cream	19	142 mg	5.3	2.22





Data on file. Sildenafil Cream, 3.6% was previously known as SST-6007

### Positive Data - Thermography Study\*

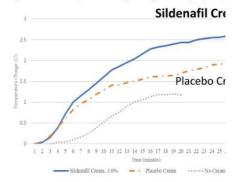
#### Positive findings for Sildenafil Cream, 3.6% (as shown in Figure 1.)

- · Positive cognitive arousal responses were noted.
- Significantly greater increases in genital temperature after application of Sildenafil Cream compared to placebo cream and no cream.
- Significantly greater self-reported arousal responses reported during Sildenafil Cream visits compared to placebo cream visits.

#### Thermography Study Design & Methodology (N=6)1

Phase 1, single-dose, double-blind, placebo-controlled, 2-way crossover study evaluating the feasibility of using thermography to assess the pharmacodynamics of Sildenafil Cream, 3.6% in normal healthy women. The study required 3 visits and a follow up contact: Visit 1 (screening), Visits 2-3 (double-blind dosing) and a phone call (safety follow-up).

Figure 1. Clitoral temperature change during the sexually explicit fi



Statistically significant greater linear slope during n 11-15 of the sexually explicit stimuli as compared to the cream for the vestibule.

Data on file.

\*Thermography utilizes sensitive cameras cavable of detecting and recording temperature variations over time. Genital temperature changes are a surrogate for central blood flow

### Sildenafil Cream, 3.6% Phase 2b – At Home Study

The Phase 2b study is designed to evaluate Sildenafil Cream versus placebo over twelve weeks of dosing following both a non-drug and placebo run-in period.

- In the Phase 2b study women will use Sildenafil Cream and placebo in their home setting.
- Primary endpoint patient reported outcome (PRO) instruments to measure improvement in localized genital sensations of arousal and reduction in the distress that women with FSAD experience.
- Several exploratory efficacy endpoints will be measured and could potentially prove to be additional measurements of efficacy in a future Phase 3 program.







### Vaginal Drug Delivery Technology - IVR



#### The Vaginal Route of Drug Administration<sup>1</sup>

- Vaginal drug delivery offers many potential advantages due to the large surface area, a
  dense network of blood vessels and high elasticity due to presence of smooth muscle
  fibers
- Recognized advantages include: comparable ease of administration and ability to bypass hepatic first-pass metabolism

#### Our Intravaginal Ring (IVR) Technology – Design Features:

- · Sustained drug delivery
- Variable dosing and duration
- Solid ethylene vinyl acetate (EVA) polymer matrix that can contain and release a single or multiple active drugs
- · No need for a membrane or reservoir to contain the active drug(s) or control the release

Sonia, T.A. & Sharma, C.P., "Routes of administration of insulin – Vaginal route," Oral Delivery of Insulin, 2014, https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/pharmacology-toxicology-and-pharmaceutical-science/aginal-drug-delivery

### Vaginal Drug Delivery Technology - IVR



#### DARE-HRT1

A combination bio-identical estradiol + bio-identical progesterone IVR for hormone replacement therapy

#### Hormone Replacement Therapy (HRT)

HRT remains the most effective treatment for vasomotor symptoms (VMS) and the genitourinary syndrome of menopause (GSM) and has been shown to prevent bone loss and fracture.<sup>2</sup>

 The 2017 Homone Therapy Position Statement of The North American Menopause Society (NAMS), supports HRT in peri-and post-menopausal women.<sup>2</sup>

NAMS recommends non-oral route over oral.2

#### Planned Phase 1 VMS/HRT STUD

A Phase 1, Open-Label, 3-am Parallel Group Study to Evaluate the Pharmacokinetics and Safety of DARE-HRT1 (80 µg and 160 µg Estradiol/ 4 mg and 8 mg Progesterone Intravaginal Rings) i Healthy Post-Menopausal Womer

N=30

45M women in U.S. approaching or in menopause.3

505(b)(2) candidate

Anticipated regulatory pathway. Daré has not had any communications with the FDA regarding the specific marketing approval requirements for DARE-HRT1 or DARE-FRT1.

The 2017 hormone therapy position statement of The North American Menopause Society. Menopauses Cociety. Menopauses The Journal of The North American Menopause Society Vol. 24, No. 7, pp. 728-753, https://www.menopause.org/docs/default-source/2017/nams-2017-hormone-therapy-position-statement; DES Cocessis Remains Provided to Technology (1975) 727, Policies of Table 2, 2017.

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The Contraction of Technology (1975) 727, Policies of Table 2, 2017.

The Contraction of Technology (1975) 727, Policies of Technology (19

### Vaginal Drug Delivery Technology - IVR



#### DARE-FRT1

A bio-identical progesterone IVR for the prevention of preterm birth and IVF/fertility support

#### Prevention of Preterm Birth (PTB)

The rate of premature birth in the United States rose in 2018 for the fourth straight year after a steady decline from 2007 to 2014.

In 2018, ~10% of babies were born preterm (less than 37 weeks) in the US.<sup>3</sup>



#### Assisted Reproductive Technologies (ART)/IVF

An estimated 12-15% of couples are unable to conceive after 1-year of unprotected sex.<sup>4</sup> As women wait longer to have children, they increase their risk of infertility. Approximately 20% of U.S. women have their first child after age 35 and about 1/3 of couples in which the woman is older than 35 years have fertility problems.<sup>5</sup>

#### 505(b)(2) candidate

Anticipated regulatory pathway. Dare has not had any communications with the FDA regarding the specific marketing approval requirements for DARE-HRT1 or DARE-FRT

2019 satisfied after report card, https://www.cdc.gov/inchs/data/msstmsr68/mss68 [13-508.pdf]

Retneved May 26, 2020 from https://www.nichd.nih.gov/health/topics/intertility/conditioninto/c Retneved May 26, 2020 from https://www.cdc.gov/reproductivehealth/infertility/index.htm

Harris Williams & Co. Fertility market overview. May 2015.

### Vaginal Drug Delivery

#### DARE-VVA1

A proprietary formulation of tamoxifen for vaginal administration

#### Vulvar and vaginal atrophy (VVA)

A chronic condition characterized by pain during intercourse, vaginal dryness and imitation

Potential to be the first treatment specifically approved for the treatment of vulvar and vaginal atrophy (VVA) in patients with hormone-receptor positive (HR+) breast cancer.

- Approximately 3.8 million women in the U.S. have a history of breast cancer and HR+is the most common type.<sup>2</sup>
- Localized estrogen therapy for VVA may be contraindicated for women diagnosed with, or at risk of recurrence of, ER-positive and PR-positive breast cancer.

VVA prevalence in postmenopausal breast-cancer survivors is estimated to be between 42 and 70%.<sup>3</sup>



Daré is developing this novel local ap of tamoxifen to mitigate the symptoms for patients HR+breast cancer, include women currently on anti-cancer thera

#### 505(b)(2) candidate

Anticipated regulatory pethway. Daré has not had any communications with the FDA regarding the specific marketing approval requirements for DARE-AVA1.

American Cancer Society, Reast Cancer Facts & Prigures 2019-2020, https://www.cancer.org/content/dam/cancer-org/cesent/cancer-facts-and-statistics/breast-cancer-facts-and-figures-breast-cancer-facts

### Vaginal Drug Delivery

### Vaginal Tamoxifen - Proof of Concept Study

This exploratory study in four postmenopausal women diagnosed with VVA demonstrated that a self-administered vaginal suppository containing tamoxifen (20mg) dosed daily for one week and twice weekly for three months was effective in reducing vaginal pH and vaginal dryness.

Vaginal Tamoxifen	Enrollment (Baseline)	On Treatment (Month 3)	Paired Difference (Baseline vs. Month 3)
Median Vaginal pH Normal vaginal pH is usually less than $4.5$ .	7.1 range 6.5 to 7.5	5.0 range 5.0 to 5.2	-2.0 median range -2.5 to -1.5 Lower pH value is a measure of symptom relief
Vaginal Dryness  Rated using a visual analogue scale (VAS) that ranged from:  0 = Not bothered by dryness  10 = Extremely bothered by dryness	8.0 range of 7.5 to 9.0	3.0 range 2.0 to 3.0	-5.5 median range -6.0 to -4.5  Decreased vaginal dryness is a measure of symptom relief

#### In addition, systemic absorption of tamoxifen was not significant.

- After 8 weeks of study treatment with vaginal tamoxifen, the median plasma concentration of tamoxifen was 5.8 ng/ml, with a range of 1.0 to 10.0 n
- In comparison, after 3 months of administration of 20mg, once-daily oral tamoxifen citrate (Nolvadex),<sup>3</sup> the average steady state plasma concentrat
  tamoxifen is 122 ng/ml with a range of 71 to 183 ng/ml

Clin. Exp. Obstet. Gynecol. - ISSN: 0390-6663 XLVI, n. 2, 2019 https://www.medicalnewstoday.com/articles/322537.php

US Food and Drug Administration: "Drug Approval Package: Notvadex (Tamoxifen Citrate) NDA# 21-109.2002". Available at: https://www.accessdata.fdb.gov/drugsafdla\_docs/nda/2002/21109\_Notvadex.cfm





### DARE-LARC1

### User-Controlled Long Acting Reversible Contraception

### Design Features of the Technology:

#### · Drug Storage

- · Individual doses are stored in micro-reservoir arrays
- · Reservoirs are hermetically sealed at room temperature
- · Thin membranes over each reservoir protect drug post-sealing

# Pre-programmed or

#### Drug Release

- · Drug doses are initiated automatically on schedule or wirelessly on-demand by a patient
- · Reservoirs are opened via electrothermal ablation of membranes
- · Upon opening, interstitial fluid diffuses in and drug diffuses out

505(b)(2) candidate

Anticipated regulatory pathway. Daré has not had any communications with the FDA regarding the specific marketing approval requirements for DARE-LARC

#### DARE-LARC1

### User-Controlled Long Acting Reversible Contraception

The Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation has strong interest in family planning.

An estimated 215 million women in developing countries do not have access to contraception.

Funding 2013

Grant to understand user needs and define the product concept

Favorable response from Sub-Saharan Africa

Sub-dermal implant use is growing

87% of women surveyed said they would use the proposed implant

74% of healthcare workers said they would use the proposed implant in their practice

Funding 2014 – 2021

Grant to develop implant concept and technology

Currently executing a  $4^{th}$  supplemental grant funding to demonstrate multiple drug releases in vivo, after successfully completing additional market research and concept development in the  $3^{rd}$  supplemental grant funding

### Daré Financial Summary

#### Q1-2020 Financial Highlights:

- · Net cash raised from stock sales, warrant exercises and license fee: \$7.9 million
- · Cash and equivalents (3/31/2020): \$5.0 million

#### Updates through May 12, 2020:

- Net cash raised from stock sales: \$2.0 million
- Common shares o/s: 26.6 million
- Warrants o/s: ~2 million
- Purchase agreement executed for potential stock sales of up to \$15 million over a 36-month period ending May 2023

#### Non-dilutive Grant Funding:

- NIH SBIR: \$730,722 final award notice (announced 4/1/2020) of a \$1.9 million grant for Ovaprene R&D expenses from the Eunice Kennedy Shriver National Institute of Child Health and Human Development (NICHD), a division of the National Institutes of Health.
- Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation: eligible for up to \$2.5 million in additional funding to support development of a wireless, patient controlled, implantable long-acting, reversible contraceptive technology; \$17.9 million of up to \$20.5 million in total grant funding previously received.

17

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