UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT
Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): October 17, 2022

DARÉ BIOSCIENCE, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

001-36395 (Commission File Number) 20-4139823 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

3655 Nobel Drive, Suite 260 San Diego, CA 92122 (Address of Principal Executive Offices and Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (858) 926-7655

Not Applicable

| (1 | Former name or former address, if changed since | e last report.) |
|--|--|---|
| Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filling is int Instruction A.2. below): | ended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obliga | ation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General |
| □ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Street Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exch □ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14c □ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13c Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: | lange Act (17`CFR 240.14a-12) d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d | |
| Title of each class | Trading Symbol(s) | Name of each exchange on which registered |
| Common stock | DARE | Nasdaq Capital Market |
| Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter). | g growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the | ne Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the |
| Emerging growth company \square | | |
| If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange | • | ransition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting |
| | | |
| | | |

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

On October 17, 2022, Daré Bioscience, Inc. ("Daré") issued a press release regarding DARE-HRT1, its investigational combination bio-identical 17β-estradiol and bio-identical progesterone intravaginal ring ("IVR") for the treatment of menopausal symptoms as part of hormone therapy following menopause, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit 99.1 to this report.

The information contained in this Item 7.01, including in Exhibit 99.1 hereto, is being "furnished" and shall not be deemed "filed" for the purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that Section or Sections 11 and 12(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). The information contained in this Item 7.01 and in Exhibit 99.1 shall not be incorporated by reference into any filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission made by Daré, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.

Item 8.01 Other Events.

On October 17, 2022, Daré issued a press release announcing topline results of its Phase 1/2 clinical study of DARE-HRT1. The randomized, open-label, two-arm, parallel group Phase 1/2 study was designed to evaluate the pharmacokinetics ("PK") of two versions of DARE-HRT1 (estradiol 80 µg/progesterone 4 mg IVR and estradiol 160 µg/progesterone 8 mg IVR) in approximately 20 healthy, post-menopausal women over approximately three consecutive months of use. The study also collected safety, usability, acceptability and symptom-relief data, including the vasomotor symptoms ("VMS") as well as the vaginal symptoms of menopause.

The levels of estradiol released from both the lower and higher dose formulation of DARE-HRT1 evaluated in the study achieved statistically significant improvement in VMS as well as the genitourinary symptoms of menopause, and vaginal pH and maturation index.

Menopausal symptoms, including hot flashes and night sweats, were reduced compared with baseline in both DARE-HRT1 dose groups (p<0.01). Participants also showed significant improvement from baseline in all measures surveyed on The Menopausal Quality of Life Survey (MENQOL), which surveys not only parameters of VMS, but also physical, psychosocial and sexual symptoms (p<0.01 on all domains). With DARE-HRT1 use, vaginal pH significantly decreased compared to baseline (p<0.01) and cytologic tests of the vaginal epithelium (vaginal maturation index) showed significant normalization (all p values <0.01 for increases in superficial cells, increases in intermediate cells and decreases in parabasal cells from baseline) among all participants. The most common genitourinary symptom, vaginal dryness, which was reported by 70% of participants at baseline, showed significant improvement in both DARE-HRT1 groups (p<0.01) and this subset also experienced significant decreases in vaginal pain with DARE-HRT1 use (p<0.01).

The study treatment was well tolerated with the types of most common adverse events consistent with other vaginal products. There were only two early discontinuations due to an adverse event, and no serious adverse events were reported.

DARE-HRT1 had a high level of acceptability in the study, with 100% of subjects reporting that the IVR was comfortable to wear, and there were no reports of the IVR being expelled from the vagina during use. Additionally, over 95% of subjects stated they would be either somewhat or very likely to use the IVR for a women's health condition or unrelated disease if needed.

Daré anticipates that the topline PK data from the Phase 1/2 study will be available and reported later in the fourth quarter of 2022.

Included as Exhibit 99.2 to this report is a presentation about Daré and its product and product candidates, dated October 17, 2022, which is incorporated herein by reference. Daré intends to use the presentation and its contents in various meetings with investors, securities analysts and others, commencing on October 17, 2022.

Forward-Looking Statements

Daré cautions you that all statements, other than statements of historical facts, contained in this report, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements, in some cases, can be identified by terms such as "believe," "may," "will," "estimate," "continue," "anticipate," "design," "intend," "expect," "could," "plan," "potential," "predict," "seek," "should," "would," "contemplate," "project," "target," "objective," or the negative version of these words and similar expressions. In this report, forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements relating to DARE-HRT1's potential as a safe and effective hormone therapy for symptoms of menopause, DARE-HRT1's potential to be the first FDA-approved monthly IVR product delivering both estrogen and progestogen hormone therapy for symptoms of menopause, the timing of topline PK data from the Phase 1 / 2 study of DARE-HRT1, the importance of the Phase 1 / 2 clinical study results to Daré and DARE-HRT1, and the anticipated regulatory approval pathway for DARE-HRT1. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause Daré's actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements, including, without limitation: the risk that positive findings in early clinical and/or nonclinical studies of a product candidate may not be predictive of success in subsequent clinical and/or nonclinical studies of that candidate; Daré's ability to design and conduct successful clinical trials, to enroll a sufficient number of patients, to meet established clinical endpoints, to avoid undesirable side effects and other safety concerns, and to demonstrate sufficient safety and efficacy of its product candidates; Daré's dependence on third parties to conduct clinical trials and manufacture and supply clinical trial material and commercial product; Daré's ability to raise additional capital when and as needed to advance its product candidates, execute its business strategy and continue as a going concern; the loss of, or inability to attract, key personnel; general industry conditions and competition; general economic factors, including inflation, rising interest rates and currency exchange rate fluctuations; the impact of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic; the impact of pharmaceutical industry regulation and health care legislation in the United States and internationally; global trends toward health care cost containment; technological advances; new products and patents attained by competitors; Daré's future financial condition, operating results and performance; Daré's or its licensee's ability to accurately predict future market conditions; third-party manufacturing difficulties or delays; financial instability of international economies and sovereign risk; difficulties developing and sustaining relationships with commercial counterparties; dependence on the effectiveness of patents owned or licensed by Daré and other protections for innovative products; and the exposure of Daré, its commercial counterparties and other third parties on which it relies to litigation, including patent litigation, and/or regulatory actions. Daré's forward-looking statements are based upon its current expectations and involve assumptions that may never materialize or may prove to be incorrect. All forward-looking statements are expressly qualified in their entirety by these cautionary statements. For a detailed description of Daré's risks and uncertainties, you are encouraged to review its documents filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission including Daré's recent filings on Form 8-K, Form 10-K and Form 10-Q. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date on which they were made. Dare undertakes no obligation to update such statements to reflect events that occur or circumstances that exist after the date on which they were made, except as required by law

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits

| Exhibi | it No. | Description | |
|--------|--------|---|--|
| 99.1 | | Press release issued on October 17, 2022 | |
| 99.2 | | Corporate presentation, dated October 17, 2022 | |
| 104 | | Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document) | |
| | | | |

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

DARÉ BIOSCIENCE, INC.

Dated: October 17, 2022

By: /s/ Sabrina Martucci Johnson

Name: Sabrina Martucci Johnson

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer



Daré Bioscience Announces Positive Efficacy Results from the DARE-HRT1 Phase 1 / 2 Study

Statistically Significant Results for Improvement in both the Vasomotor and the Vaginal Symptoms of Menopause

DARE-HRT1 has the potential to be the first FDA-approved monthly intravaginal ring delivering both estrogen and progestogen hormone therapy

SAN DIEGO, October 17, 2022 (GLOBE NEWSWIRE) — Daré Bioscience, Inc. (NASDAQ: DARE), a leader in women's health innovation, today announced positive topline efficacy results from its Phase 1 / 2 clinical trial of DARE-HRT1. DARE-HRT1 is a novel, investigational intravaginal ring (IVR) designed to deliver bio-identical 17β-estradiol and bio-identical progesterone continuously over a 28-day period as part of a hormone therapy (HT) regimen. HT is used to treat the vasomotor symptoms (VMS) and genitourinary syndrome associated with menopause. DARE-HRT1 has the potential to be the first FDA-approved product to offer vaginal delivery of combination bio-identical estradiol and bio-identical progesterone hormone therapy in a convenient monthly format. The topline data from the study demonstrated improvement in both VMS as well as vaginal symptoms of menopause. The North American Menopause Society's (NAMS) guidance on hormone therapy states that dosing estrogen and progestogen in combination may offer important benefits to women, and NAMS observed that non-oral routes of administration may offer advantages over orally administered therapies.

"DARE-HRT1 demonstrated statistically significant improvement in the VMS, also known as hot flashes, and the vaginal symptoms of menopause, including dryness, in addition to improving vaginal pH and the vaginal maturation index. These data support the potential of DARE-HRT1 to deliver effective hormone therapy in a 28-day intravaginal ring," said Dr. Annie Thurman, Medical Director of Daré Bioscience. "The delivery of hormone therapy over 28 consecutive days with no daily intervention supports DARE-HRT1's potential to be a first-incategory option, offering ease-of-use and consistent dosing to women suffering from menopausal symptoms. There are currently no FDA-approved products that continuously deliver hormone therapy with both estradiol and progesterone together over multiple consecutive weeks."

The IVR technology used in DARE-HRT1 was developed by Dr. Robert Langer from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology and Dr. William Crowley from Massachusetts General Hospital and Harvard Medical School. Unlike other IVR technologies, Daré's IVR drug delivery technology is designed to release more than one active ingredient via a solid ethylene vinyl acetate polymer matrix without the need for a membrane or reservoir to contain the active drug or to control the release, allowing for sustained drug delivery.

Data from a prior randomized, open-label, three-arm, parallel group Phase 1 study that evaluated the pharmacokinetics (PK) of DARE-HRT1 in approximately 30 healthy, post-menopausal women with intact uteri demonstrated that DARE-HRT1 successfully delivered both estradiol and progesterone over the 28-day evaluation period. The estradiol PK data in that prior DARE-HRT1 Phase 1 study support the potential of DARE-HRT1 as an effective hormone therapy for both VMS and vaginal symptoms associated with menopause.

DARE-HRT1 Phase 1 / 2 Clinical Trial Study Design

The randomized, open-label, two-arm, parallel group Phase 1/2 study was designed to evaluate DARE-HRT1's safety, PK, and preliminary efficacy in improving the VMS as well as the vaginal symptoms of menopause in approximately 20 healthy, post-menopausal women (age range 51-65 years, mean 59 years) with intact uteri over approximately three consecutive months of use. The primary objective of the study was to describe the safety, tolerability, and PK of two different dose combinations over 12 weeks of use. Secondary objectives of the study were to assess the usability, participant tolerability, and preliminary effectiveness of DARE-HRT1 for both the VMS and vaginal symptoms of menopause.

The study was conducted by Daré's wholly owned subsidiary in Australia.

Topline Results of the Phase 1 / 2 Clinical Trial

The levels of estradiol released from both the lower and higher dose formulation of DARE-HRT1 evaluated in the study achieved statistically significant improvement in VMS as well as the genitourinary symptoms of menopause, and vaginal pH and maturation index.

Menopausal symptoms, including hot flashes and night sweats, were reduced compared with baseline in both DARE-HRT1 dose groups (p<0.01). Participants also showed significant improvement from baseline in all measures surveyed on The Menopausal Quality of Life Survey (MENQOL), which surveys not only parameters of VMS, but also physical, psychosocial and sexual symptoms (p<0.01 on all domains). With DARE-HRT1 use, vaginal pH significantly decreased compared to baseline (p<0.01) and cytologic tests of the vaginal epithelium (vaginal maturation index) showed significant normalization (all p values <0.01 for increases in superficial cells, increases in intermediate cells and decreases in parabasal cells from baseline) among all participants. Finally, the most common genitourinary symptom, vaginal dryness, which was reported by 70% of participants at baseline, showed significant improvement in both DARE-HRT1 groups (p<0.01) and this subset also experienced significant decreases in vaginal pain with DARE-HRT1 use (p<0.01).

The study treatment was well tolerated with the types of most common adverse events consistent with other vaginal products. There were only two early discontinuations due to an adverse event, and no serious adverse events were reported.

DARE-HRT1 had a high level of acceptability in the study, with 100% of subjects reporting that the IVR was comfortable to wear, and there were no reports of the IVR being expelled from the vagina during use. Additionally, over 95% of subjects stated they would be either somewhat or very likely to use the IVR for a women's health condition or unrelated disease if needed

"The safety findings in the study are reassuring in that they are typical of what we would expect among menopausal users of a vaginal ring," said Dr. Christine Mauck, Medical Director of Daré Bioscience and Medical Monitor of the DARE-HRT1 Phase 1 / 2 study. "Notably, there are currently no FDA-approved intravaginal rings for use by postmenopausal women that continuously deliver both estradiol and progesterone together."

The topline PK data from the study will be available later in the fourth quarter 2022 and will be announced at that time.

Daré plans to submit data from the Phase 1 / 2 clinical study of DARE-HRT1 for publication in a peer-reviewed publication.

Following clinical development, Daré intends to leverage the existing safety and efficacy data on the active ingredients in DARE-HRT1, estradiol and progesterone, to utilize the U.S. Food and Drug Administration's (FDA) 505(b)(2) pathway to obtain marketing approval of DARE-HRT1 in the U.S.

About Menopause

Menopause is defined as the final menstrual period and is typically confirmed after a woman has missed her period for 12 consecutive months. Most women experience menopause between ages 40 and 58.¹ An estimated 45 million women in the U.S. are approaching or in menopause, which results in a decrease in estrogen and other hormones.^{1,2} Hot flashes, vaginal dryness and loss of bone density are frequently associated with menopause. Night sweats (hot flashes that occur during sleep) often cause sleep disturbance, and vaginal atrophy (the drying and thinning of vaginal tissues) can cause a feeling of vaginal tightness during sex along with pain, burning, or soreness.¹ Hence, management of menopausal symptoms can impact quality of life, productivity and health. The North American Menopause Society (NAMS) believes that hormone therapy is the most effective treatment for VMS and the genitourinary syndrome of menopause and observes that a non-oral route may offer advantages over oral routes of administration.²

- 1. Menopause 101: A primer for the perimenopausal. NAMS, accessed 15 October 2022. http://www.menopause.org/for-women/menopauseflashes/menopause-symptoms-and-treatments/menopause-101-a-primer-for-the-perimenopausal.
- 2. NAMS Position Statement. The 2022 hormone therapy position statement of The North American Menopause Society. *Menopause: The Journal of The North American Menopause Society Vol.* 29, No. 7, pp. 767-794 DOI: 10.1097/GME.0000000000002028. https://www.menopause.org/docs/default-source/professional/nams-2022-hormone-therapy-position-statement.pdf

About Daré Bioscience

Daré Bioscience is a biopharmaceutical company committed to advancing innovative products for women's health. The company's mission is to identify, develop and bring to market a diverse portfolio of differentiated therapies that prioritize women's health and well-being, expand treatment options, and improve outcomes, primarily in the areas of contraception, fertility, and vaginal and sexual health.

Daré's first FDA-approved product, XACIATO™ (clindamycin phosphate) vaginal gel, 2% is a lincosamide antibacterial indicated for the treatment of bacterial vaginosis in female patients 12 years of age and older, which is under a global license agreement with Organon. XACIATO is a clear, colorless, viscous gel, to be administered once intravaginally as a single dose. Daré's portfolio also includes potential first-in-category candidates in clinical development: Ovaprene®, a novel, hormone-free monthly contraceptive whose U.S. commercial rights are under a license agreement with Bayer; Sildenafil Cream, 3.6%, a novel cream formulation of sildenafil to treat female sexual arousal disorder utilizing the active ingredient in Viagra®; and DARE-HRT1, a combination bio-identical estradiol and progesterone intravaginal ring for hormone therapy following menopause. To learn more about XACIATO™, Daré's full portfolio of women's health product candidates, and Daré's mission to deliver differentiated therapies for women, please visit www.darebioscience.com.

Daré may announce material information about its finances, product and product candidates, clinical trials and other matters using the Investors section of its website (http://ir.darebioscience.com), SEC filings, press releases, public conference calls and webcasts. Daré will use these channels to distribute material information about the company, and may also use social media to communicate important information about the company, its finances, product and product candidates, clinical trials and other matters. The information Daré so n its investor relations website or through social media channels may be deemed to be material information. Daré encourages investors, the media, and others interested in the company to review the information Daré posts in the Investors section of its website and to follow these Twitter accounts: @SabrinaDareCEO and @DareBioscience. Any updates to the list of social media channels the company may use to communicate information will be posted in the Investors section of Daré's website.

Forward-Looking Statements

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Source: Daré Bioscience, Inc.



Daré Bioscience



IN ITALIAN, IT MEANS "TO GIVE."
IN ENGLISH, IT MEANS "TO BE BOLD."

NASDAO: DARE www.darebioscience.com

Corporate Presentation: October 17, 2022

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Forward-Looking Statements; Disclaimers

This presentation is for informational purposes only and is not an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities of Daré Bioscience, Inc. ("Daré" or the "Company"). This presentation includes certain information obtained from trade and statistical services, third-party publications, and other sources. Daré has not independently verified such information and there can be no assurance as to its accuracy.

All statements in this presentation, other than statements of historical fact, are forward-looking statements within the meaning of federal securities laws. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terms such as "may," "will," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "strategy," "designed," "could," "intend," "believe," "estimate," "target," or "potential," or the negative of these terms and other similar expressions. Such statements include, but are not limited to, statements relating to the clinical and market potential of XACIATOTM (clindamycin phosphate) vaginal gel, 2% and Daré's product candidates, clinical trial advancement, timing and data, regulatory approval and commercialization, potential collaborations, expectations regarding existing collaborations, pipeline expansion, and potential funding and financing transactions. As used in this presentation, "first-incategory" is a forward-looking statement relating to market potential of a product candidate if it were to receive regulatory approval for the indication(s) for which it is being developed. None of the product candidates presented herein are approved for use outside of clinical trials. The timing of clinical trials, clinical trial data, FDA review and approval, collaborations and other milestones and events relating to development and commercialization of XACIATO and Daré's product candidates, other than those having occurred prior to the date of this presentation, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements reflect management's estimates and expectations based on current information and involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions that may cause Daré's actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements, including, without limitation: Daré's reliance on third parties to commercialize XACIATO and to manufacture and conduct clinical trials of its product and product candidates; the degree of market acceptance that XACIATO and any future product achieves; the coverage, pricing and reimbursement that XACIATO and any future product obtains from third-party payors; risks and uncertainties inherent in Daré's ability to successfully develop, obtain regulatory approval for and monetize its product candidates; Daré's need for additional capital to execute its business strategy; and those risks and uncertainties described in Daré's most recent annual report on Form 10-K and quarterly report on Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the heading "Risk Factors." All forward-looking statements are current only as of the date of this presentation. Daré does not undertake any obligation to update any forward-looking statement in this presentation to reflect new information, future developments or otherwise, except as required by law.

All trademarks, service marks or trade names appearing in this presentation are the property of their respective owners. Unless specifically identified as such, Daré's use or display of third-party marks is not intended and does not indicate or imply any relationship with or endorsement or sponsorship of Daré by the third-party owner.

Women's Health is Our Sole Focus

Daré Bioscience is a biopharmaceutical company committed to addressing the lack of innovation in women's health with differentiated products that address unmet needs primarily in the areas of contraception, fertility, and vaginal and sexual health.

We work to accelerate **innovative product options** in women's health that

Expand treatment options where none exist,

Enhance outcomes where current standard of care has meaningful shortcomings, and

Improve ease of use for women where a more compelling form factor can drive adoption.

We partner to...

Drive **innovation** and develop new solutions,

Accelerate novel products to address persistent unmet needs in a time and capital efficient manner, and

Establish and take to market a differentiated **pipeline** with compelling commercial potential.

We look for **differentiated investigational products** with...

Attractive market opportunities + unmet medical needs,

Prior human **proof-of-concept** and/or ability to leverage a **505(b)(2)** regulatory pathway,

First-in-category or first-line target product profile potential, and

Opportunity to personalize for women with novel, convenient routes of administration that have the potential to improve ease of use and side effect profile.



Women's Health - An Efficient Investment Thesis

Approximately 1% of healthcare research is invested in female-specific conditions beyond oncology.1

Women's Health conditions outside of oncology comprise less than 2% of the current healthcare pipeline.2

- 1 McKinsey & Company, February 14, 2022, Unlocking Opportunities in Women's Healthcare
 2 GlobalData Drugs Database and McKinsey & Company
- 3 IQVIA Monthly Global MIDAS \$ Const-Exchng (MNF) 2013 2022 Blockbuster defined as \$500 million dollar sales in a year Women's Health including conditions disproportionately affecting women

We believe investment in women's health will be efficient and disproportionately impactful:

- Women's Health products make up 27% of total blockbuster products while contributing to 35% of total blockbuster sales.3

- Women control 80% of U.S. healthcare purchasing decisions.1

Women's Health - Compelling Markets Where Innovation Matters

Contraception

~73 Million women ages 15-491

1st hormonal monthly IVR, NuvaRing, **~\$900M** at peak² 1st hormonal IUD, Mirena franchise, **~\$1.2B** at peak³ 1st copper IUD, still **~\$200M/yr 40 years post launch**⁴

Sexual Health

- No FDA approved product for female sexual arousal disorder, despite similar prevalence to erectile dysfunction

1st drug indicated for ED, Viagra, **\$2B** at peak⁸

Source: CDC National Survey for Family Growth, 2015-2017 dataset, cdc.gov. https://sec.report/Document/2002;20128/2012000026/

https://www.bayer.com/en/bayer-ag-annual-report-zoog.pdfx. Includes sales for Mirena*, Kyleena* and Jaydess* / Skyla*

https://www.cdc.gov/static-files/sycosife-gdy-u48gg-aasz-tdbszgf8szf4 https://www.cdc.gov/std/bu/stats.htm; Bacterial vaginosis product data: http://www.clindesse.com/

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https://www.wci.com/articles/8L-HEB-u-6 https://www.reuters.com/article/us-pfizer-britain-viagra/uk-gives-pfizer-worlds-first-over-the-counter-viagra-approval-idUSKBNuDSuI

organon sideoes earnings call

Organia CC2622 earning. Can https://www.harriswilliams.com/sites/default/files/content/fertility_industry_overview___ses_os_ug_vso.pdf

Vaginal Health

- Bacterial vaginosis affects ~21 million women in the US; but current Rx clinical cure rates 37-68%⁵
- 47 million new entrants to menopause and postmenopause market each year⁶

1st estrogen hormone therapy, Premarin, ~\$2B at peak⁷

Fertility

- 15M babies (11.1% of all live births) are born pre-term every year9
 U.S. fertility pharmaceutical sector, estimated to be \$1.5B¹⁰
 - 1st preterm birth drug, Makena, **-\$400M** at peak¹²
 IVF follicle stimulating hormone + luteinizing hormone,
 Menopur, **-\$570M** in 2020¹²

What are the next big ideas?

Daré Portfolio – The Big Ideas*

Contraception

Ovaprene ® - 1st Hormone-free, Monthly Contraceptive

ADARE-204/214 - 1st 6 & 12-Month Injectable Contraceptive

DARE-LARC1 - 1st Long-Acting, Reversible Personal Contraceptive System

DARE-RH1 - Hormone-free contraceptive target for women and men

Sexual Health

Sildenafil Cream, 3.6%

- 1st Topical cream, same active ingredient as Viagra®
- Potential first-in-category treatment for female sexual arousal disorder (FSAD)

Vaginal Health

XACIATO™ - Clindamycin phosphate vaginal gel, 2%, treatment for bacterial vaginosis, single dose vaginal administration^

DARE-HRT1 - 1st Hormone therapy estradiol+progesterone monthly intravaginal ring (IVR)

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{DARE\text{-}VVA1}}$ - 1st Hormone-free vaginal atrophy therapy for women with HR+ breast cancer

DARE-GML - Novel multi-target antimicrobial

Fertility

DARE-FRT1 / PTB1

- Progesterone delivery for pregnancy maintenance including the prevention of preterm birth (DARE-PTB1) and for luteal phase support as part of an IVF regimen (DARE-FRT1).
- 1st IVR designed to release bio-identical progesterone over 14 days

^ See Full Prescribing Information

* The product candidates presented are in clinical or preclinical stage development and none are approved for use outside of a clinical trial. XACIATO is our only FDA approved product.

Daré Bioscience: A Compelling Opportunity

1

Meaningful market potential for differentiated products

First-line or first-in-category product opportunities across the portfolio

2

Diverse pipeline with independent outcomes

One FDA-approved product and several clinical development stage candidates utilizing different APIs and targeting different indications

505(b)(2) FDA pathway planned for most candidates

Use of well-characterized APIs expected to mitigate development risk, time, and cost – non-new molecular entities have a 23% probability of success of advancing from Phase 1 to approval and a 67% likelihood of approval for Phase 3 to approval, versus 6% and 38% for new molecular entities, respectively¹



Multiple novel delivery platforms

Persistent unmet needs require creative new approaches designed for her; Novel delivery platforms allow for first-in-category potential with well characterized APIs



Commercial value in women's health evidenced by differentiated brands and recent transformational pharma transactions

Program Milestones in 2022* include a product launch, data readout, and Phase 3 investigator meeting

XACIATO™ (clindamycin phosphate) vaginal gel, 2% (f/k/a DARE-BV1)

Commercial launch in the U.S. in 4Q 2022

Ovaprene® (hormone-free monthly contraception)

 Pivotal Phase 3 study investigator meeting 12/2022; recruitment initiation mid-2023*

DARE-VVA1 (vaginal atrophy treatment for women with breast cancer)

Phase 1/2 study topline data during 4Q-2022

Sildenafil Cream, 3.6% (female sexual arousal disorder)

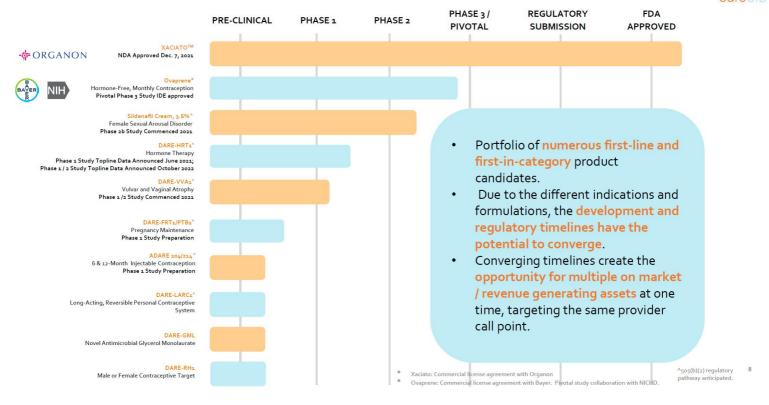
 Phase 2b study enrollment expected to complete 4Q-2022

* currently anticipated timing

- https://www.bio.org/sites/default/files/legacy/bioorg/docs/Clinical%20Development%20Success%20Rates%202006-2015%2l &20BIO %20Biomeditacker %20Amplion%202016 pdf

Advancing Products Women Want – The Portfolio Snapshot





FDA Approved – XACIATO

XACIATO™ (Clindamycin Phosphate) Vaginal Gel, 2%

NDA approved December 7, 2021

QIDP, Fast Track and Priority Review Designations

- XACIATO [zah-she-AH-toe] (clindamycin phosphate) vaginal gel, 2% is a lincosamide antibacterial
 indicated for the treatment of bacterial vaginosis in female patients 12 years of age and older.*
- This marks the first FDA-approved product in Daré's portfolio of potential first-in-category development candidates.
- XACIATO is expected to be available commercially in the U.S. in 4Q 2022.

Commercialization Collaborator



- The license became effective June 2022.
- Daré received a \$10 million upfront payment from Organon in 3Q 2022.
- •Daré is eligible to receive potential milestone payments of up to \$182.5 million and tiered double-digit royalties based on net sales.

^{*}See Full Prescribing Information for the safe and effective use of XACIATO.

^{*}See important safety information on slides 20 and 21.

Advancing Products Women Want – Late Stage Programs

Ovaprene®

Hormone-Free, Monthly Contraception Pivotal Phase 3 Study to Commence 2023





- Investigational hormone-free, monthly intravaginal contraceptive.
- Designed to be an easy-to-use monthly option with effectiveness approaching hormonal methods. There are currently no FDA-approved monthly hormone-free contraceptives.
- Commercial license agreement with Bayer. Pivotal study collaboration with NICHD.

Sildenafil Cream, 3.6% ^

Female Sexual Arousal Disorder

Phase 2b Study Enrollment to Complete 4Q-2022*

- Investigational cream formulation of sildenafil, the active ingredient in Viagra®, for topical administration to treat FSAD.
- FSAD is a physiological condition characterized by the inability to attain or maintain sufficient genital arousal during sexual activity. There are currently no FDA-approved treatments.
- Of the various types of female sexual dysfunction disorders, FSAD is most analogous to erectile dysfunction in men.

Potential first-in-category hormonefree contraception

Self-administered intravaginal drug/device

Potential first-in-category treatment for female sexual arousal disorder

Topical cream, same active ingredient as Viagra®

Advancing Products Women Want - Phase 1 and Preclinical

Phase 1

DARE-HRT1[^]

Hormone Therapy - Phase 1 Completed; Phase 1 / 2 Study Completed

- First-in-category combination hormone delivery for treatment of vasomotor and vaginal symptoms of menopause.
- Intravaginal ring (IVR) designed to release bio-identical estradiol and bio-identical progesterone over 28 days.
- Potential to be the first convenient monthly format product with both hormones;. There are no FDA approved options with both hormones in one monthly IVR.

DARE-FRT1/PTB1[^]

Pregnancy Maintenance
Phase 1 Study Preparation

- First-in-category progesterone delivery for pregnancy maintenance including the prevention of preterm birth (DARE-PTB1) and for luteal phase support as part of an IVF regimen (DARE-FRT1).
- IVR designed to release bio-identical progesterone over 14 days.
- Alternative to daily IM injections or vaginal gel. There are currently no FDA approved products marketed in the U.S. that do not require daily dosing of progesterone.

DARE-VVA1

Vulvar and Vaginal Atrophy

Phase 1/2 Study Commenced

- First-in-category hormone-free vaginal treatment for vulvar and vaginal atrophy (VVA) in a hormone-receptor positive (HR+) breast cancer patient population.
- Proprietary formulation of tamoxifen for vaginal administration.
- Potential to be the first therapeutic specifically approved for treatment of VVA in patients with HR+ breast cancer. There are currently no FDA approved products labeled for VVA treatment in HR+ breast cancer.

Pre-clinical

ADARE 204/214^

6 & 12-Month Injectable Contraception

Phase 1 Study Preparation

Novel 6 & 12-month injectable formulations of etonogestrel being developed as a longeracting, reversible method of contraception with a more predictable return to fertility. There are currently no FDA approved injectable contraceptives available indicated for 6-12 months protection.

^505(b)(2) regulatory pathway anticipated.

DARE-LARC1

Long-Acting, Reversible Personal Contraceptive System

Levonorgestrel-releasing, long-acting contraceptive implant that a woman can turn on and off herself, according to her own needs. Grant of up to \$48.95 M to advance technology through non-clinical proof of principle to enable IND submission, and an NIH grant to explore device insertion/removal in non-clinical studies.

There are currently no FDA approved implants available that allow one to remotely pause and resume dosing.

DARE-GML

Novel Antimicrobial Glycerol Monolaurate

A naturally occurring fatty acid monoester that has shown broad antimicrobial activity, killing bacteria, fungi, and viruses, and represents a new class of antimicrobials. GML has the potential to be a first-incategory multi-target antimicrobial agent.

DARE-RH1

Male or Female Contraceptive Target

A potential new rapidly reversible, nonhormonal contraceptive solution with application for women and men. There are currently no FDA approved contraceptives available that target sperm hypermotility required for implantation.

Daré: Advancing Products Women Want

Innovative women's health pipeline with multiple program milestones anticipated in 2022.

Every program, if approved, represents a potential first-line or first-in-class product opportunity.

Experienced Board of Directors and Management Team with demonstrated success in clinical and product development, regulatory affairs, corporate strategy and financial operations.

Women's health generating more interest as evidenced by transformational transactions.1-7

Pharmaceutical companies will continue to seek new and differentiated products to supplement their branded women's health offerings



License agreement for Daré's investigational Ovaprene®.

Evotec strategic alliance and KaNDY acquisition.



Myovant collaboration to develop and commercialize relugolix in oncology and women's health.



Acquired global rights to PARAGARD® Intrauterine Device (IUD) from Teva.



Acquisition of Ogeda.



License agreement for Daré's FDA approved Xaciato.

Acquisition of Alydia Health and Forendo and license agreements with ObsEva and Cirqle Biomedical.

Merck spinoff, a new firm focused on women's health and other drugs with projected annual revenue of >\$6 billion.

1 https://www.businesswire.com/Date/Bioscience
2 https://www.businesswire.com/Date/Bioscience
3 https://www.businesswire.com/Bah/by-Therapeutics_Ltd_https://media.bayer.com/baynews/baynews.mf/id/Bayer-and-Evotec-form-new-strategic-alliance-focusing-on-pols_3 https://www.businesswire.com/bea/bar-re-lease-fetal/myovant-sciences-and-pfizer-announce-collaboration-develop
4.https://www.businesswire.com/bea/s-release-fetal/myovant-sciences-and-pfizer-announce-collaboration-develop
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darehioscience.com/news-releasese/news-release-details/organon-enters-global-license-agreement-commercialize-dare
www.organon.com/news/organon-launches-as-new-global-womens-health-company/, Organon acquisition-of-Ahydia-Health, https://www.organon.com/news/organon-launches-as-new-global-womens-health-company/, Organon acquisition-of-Ahydia-Health, https://www.organon.com/news/organon-launches-as-new-global-womens-health-company/, Organon acquisition-of-Ahydia-Health, https://www.organon.com/news/organon-launches-as-new-global-womens-health-company/, Organon acquisition-of-Ahydia-Health, https://www.organon.com/news/organon-launches-as-new-global-womens-health-company/, Organon-acquisition-of-Ahydia-Health, https://www.organon-enders-global-license-agreement-for-investigational-newww.organon-of-Ahydia-Health, https://www.organon-enders-global-license-agreement-for-investigational-newww.organon-of-Ahydia-Health, https://www.organon-of-Ahydia-Health, https://www.organon-of-A

Experienced Management & Board of Directors

Management Team



Sabrina Martucci Johnson, MSc, MIM President & CEO



John Fair Chief Strategy Officer



Lisa Walters-Hoffert Chief Financial Officer



David Friend, PhD Chief Scientific Officer



Christine Mauck, MD, MPH Medical Director



Annie Thurman, MD, FACOG Medical Director



Mark Walters Vice President of Operations

Board of Directors



William Rastetter, PhD Chairman



Cheryl Blanchard, PhD





Susan Kelley, MD



Greg Matz, CPA



Sophia N. Ononye-Onyia, PhD, мрн, мва



Robin Steele, JD, LLM



Sabrina Martucci Johnson, MSc, MIM President & CEO









Alios



Baxter



















































Daré Financial Highlights

Snapshot:

- Cash and equivalents 6/30/22: \$32.1 M
- Common shares o/s (8/8/22): 84.7 M
- Warrants o/s: 1.6 M

Recent Updates:

- 3Q-22 through 8/8/22: \$18.0 M cash received as described below
- Organon global license agreement for XACIATO™:
 - o 2Q-22: agreement became effective
 - o 3Q-22: \$10.0 M upfront payment received
 - 4Q-22: expected U.S. commercial launch & first commercial sale milestone (resulting in \$2.5 M payable to Daré)
- 3Q-22 through 8/8/22: \$8.0 M received under existing grant for DARE-LARC1

Funding sources:

- •Since inception, we have raised cash through sale of equity securities, M&A transactions, warrant and option exercises, nondilutive grants, and license fees
- •We endeavor to be creative and opportunistic in seeking capital required to advance our candidates, and to be efficient in use of such capital

Daré – Working to Accelerate Innovation in Women's Health

Program Milestones remaining in 2022 include a product launch, data readout, and Phase 3 investigator meeting*:

XACIATO (clindamycin phosphate) vaginal gel, 2% (f/k/a DARE-BV1)

• Commercial launch in the U.S. in 4Q 2022

Ovaprene® (hormone-free monthly contraception)

 Pivotal Phase 3 study investigator meeting 12/2022; recruitment initiation mid-2023*

DARE-VVA1 (vaginal atrophy treatment for women with breast cancer)

• Phase 1/2 study topline data during 4Q-2022

Sildenafil Cream, 3.6% (female sexual arousal disorder)

Phase 2b study enrollment expected to complete 4Q-2022

XACIATOTM (Clindamycin Phosphate) Vaginal Gel, 2%

FDA approved for the treatment of bacterial vaginosis, the most common vaginal condition in women of reproductive age

One-time intravaginal administration



NDA approved December 7, 2021 QIDP, Fast Track and Priority Review Designations

XACIATO is indicated for the treatment of bacterial vaginosis in females 12 years and older. See Full Prescribing Information for the safe and effective use of XACIATO. See important safety information on slides 20 and 21.

Bacterial Vaginosis

Clinical Issue

- **Recurring infection**, difficult to treat effectively
- Most common vaginal condition in women ages 15-44
- Affects ~21 million women in the US¹
- Bacterial Vaginosis increases health risks², including increased risk of preterm birth, sexually transmitted infections, post-surgical infection, and pelvic inflammatory disease that can increase the risk of infertility

Limitations with current standards of care

- Bacterial vaginosis is a disruption in the optimal vaginal microbiome and therefore recurrent in many women
- Women experiencing recurrence have three or more episodes in the same year, and may not prefer multiple doses of systemic antibiotics
- Current Rx suboptimal: clinical cure rates of 37-68%³

Target Product Profile

- Single self-administered dose, any time of day
- Vaginal delivery of the antibiotic, with minimal systemic exposure
- · Colorless, odorless gel
- Demonstrated equivalent cure rates in both women having her first occurrence of bacterial vaginosis as well as those with a history of multiple prior episodes
- Clear labeling for special populations such as pregnant and lactating women

Daré Innovation: XACIATO™ (Clindamycin Phosphate) Vaginal Gel, 2%*

1.https://www.cdc.gov/std/bv/stats.htm

2.nttps://www.mayounic.org/useases-conditions/pacterial-vaginossysymproms-causesys-c-20352279

3.Rathai/avaineise module data: http://www.arcescidata.fda.nov/dnusatfda.docs/labal/pny/dnusatfda.doc

* See Full Prescribing Information

XACIATO: Overview

- >XACIATO [zah-she-AH-toe] (clindamycin phosphate) vaginal gel, 2% is a lincosamide antibacterial indicated for the treatment of bacterial vaginosis in female patients 12 years of age and older.
- This marks the first FDA-approved product in Daré's portfolio of potential first-in-category development candidates.
- ➤ XACIATO is expected to be available commercially in the U.S. in 4Q 2022.

Supply to support commercial launch expected earliest summer 2022.



NDA Approved
December 7, 2021

XACIATO - Commercial License Agreement with Organon¹

March 2022 – Organon and Daré announced they entered into an agreement whereby Organon will license global rights to XACIATO. The license became effective June 2022.

Organon is a global healthcare company formed through a spin-off from Merck & Co., Inc., Rahway, NJ, USA, (NYSE: MRK) known as MSD outside of the United States and Canada, to focus on improving the health of women throughout their lives.

- The license became effective June 2022.
- Daré received a \$10 million upfront payment from Organon in 3Q 2022.
- •Daré is eligible to receive potential milestone payments of up to \$182.5 million and tiered double-digit royalties based on net sales.

We believe Organon shares our commitment to advance critically needed innovations in women's health. We are excited to be collaborating with one of the premier companies in women's health as we believe that Organon's commercial capabilities will ensure that XACIATO reaches the women most impacted by bacterial vaginosis.

L. https://ir.darebioscience.com/news-releases/news-release-details/organon-enters-global-license-agreement-commercialize-dare

XACIATO Important Safety Information*

| Indication | XACIATO (clindamycin phosphate) vaginal gel is a lincosamide antibacterial indicated for the treatment of bacterial vaginosis in female patients 12 years of age and older. |
|----------------------------|--|
| Dosage & Administration | Administer one applicatorful (5 g of gel containing 100 mg of clindamycin) once intravaginally as a single dose at any time of the day. Not for ophthalmic, dermal, or oral use. |
| Contraindications | XACIATO is contraindicated in patients with a history of hypersensitivity to clindamycin or lincomycin. |
| Warnings & Precautions | Clostridioides difficile-Associated Diarrhea (CDAD): Discontinue and evaluate if diarrhea occurs Use with Polyurethane Condoms: Polyurethane condoms are not recommended during treatment with XACIATO or for 7 days following treatment. During this time period, polyurethane condoms may not be reliable for preventing pregnancy or for protecting against transmission of HIV and other sexually transmitted diseases. Latex or polyisoprene condoms should be used. |
| Adverse Reactions | The most common adverse reactions reported in >2% of patients in the Phase 3 placebo-controlled trial and at a higher rate in the XACIATO group than in the placebo group were vulvovaginal candidiasis and vulvovaginal discomfort. |
| Drug Interactions | Systemic clindamycin has neuromuscular blocking properties that may enhance the action of other neuromuscular blocking agents. It should be used with caution in patients receiving such agents. |

 ${\bf *See\ Full\ Prescribing\ Information\ at:}\ \underline{\rm https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2021/21565osooolbl.pdf}$

XACIATO Use in Special Populations*

Special Populations

• Other clindamycin vaginal products have been used to treat pregnant women during the second and third trimester. XACIATO has not been studied in pregnant women. However, based on the low systemic absorption of XACIATO following the intravaginal route of administration in nonpregnant women, maternal use is not likely to result in significant fetal exposure to the drug.

Special Populations

• Similarly, because systemic absorption following intravaginal administration of clindamycin is low, transfer of the drug into breastmilk is likely to be low and adverse effects on the breastfed infant are not expected.

Special Populations

• The safety and effectiveness of XACIATO have not been established in pediatric patients younger than 12 years of age or in patients 65 years of age or older.

 $* See Full \ Prescribing \ Information \ at: \underline{https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2021/215650s000lbl.pdf}$



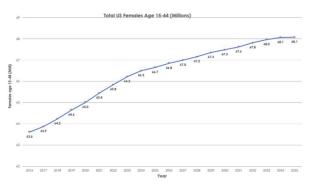
Investigational potential first-in-category, hormone-free, monthly birth control

U.S. Commercialization Collaborator: Phase 3 Development Collaborator:



Contraception: Large Market Opportunity

Women in the Reproductive Health & Contraception Market Segment (over 60 million women)



Source: US Census Bureau, 2017 National Dataset (2016 is base population estimate for projection) https://www.census.gov/programs surveys/popproj.html

Lhttps://www.bayer.com/en/bayer.ag-annual-report-2019.pdfx. Includes sales for Mirena®, Kyleena® and Jaydess® / Skyla® Lhttps://www.pmewswire.com/news-release/allergan-reports-fourth-quarter-and-full-year-2019-financial-results-301016,6.htm j.https://www.sec.gov/Archives/elgan/data/alpoo30103/8/j.600031016/38000001/mlfx31230.810.html

Successful Contraceptive Brands Peak Sales:



(levonorgestrel-releasing intrauterine system) 52mg Physician inserted, long-acting. low/locally delivered hormone

2020 worldwide sales: €1.2 billion (Bayer)¹



Lo Loestrin®

(norethindrone acetate and ethinyl estradiol, ethinyl estradiol tablets)
Lowest amount of daily estrogen
(10 micrograms) available in pill form
2019 US sales: \$588 million
(Allergan)



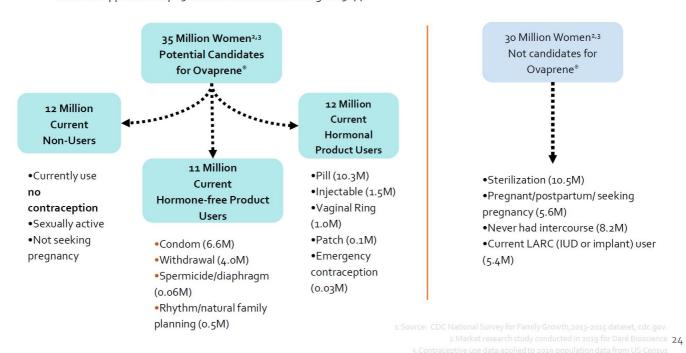
NuvaRing®

(etonogestrel/ethinyl estradiol vaginal ring)

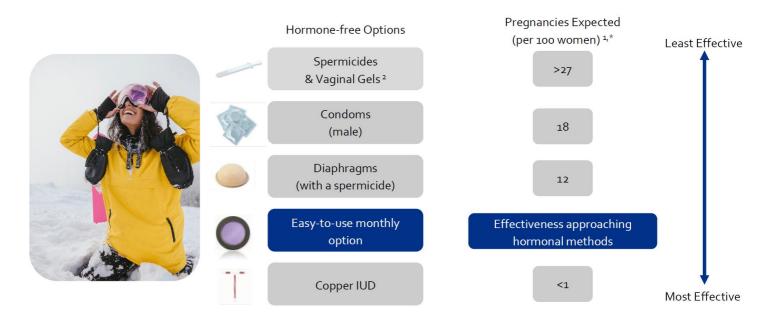
Monthly vaginal ring 2018 worldwide sales: \$900 million (Merck)³

Ovaprene® - Potential Market Opportunity

There are approximately 65 million women in the US Aged 15-44¹



Contraception: What's Missing from Current Hormone-Free Options?



1.U.S. Food and Drug Administration Birth Control Guide dated 6/14/2021: https://www.fda.gov/consumers/free-publications-women/birth-control-chart
2.U.S. Food and Drug Administration Drug Data Prescribing information for a vaginal gel approved in 2020, PhexxiTM provides that in a multicenter, open-label, single-arm clinical trial in the U.S. (AMPoo2; NCTo3243305), the 7-cycle cumulative pregnancy rate was 13.7% (95% CI: 20.0%, 27.5%), excluding cycles with back-up contraception, cycles <21 or > 35 days in length and cycles in which no intercourse was reported. The estimated Pearl Index, calculated based on data from the 7-cycle study, was 27.5 (95% CI: 22.4%, 33.5%).

https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsarfda_dos/d

Ovaprene® Investigational Hormone-Free, Monthly Contraceptive

Physical Barrier ⁶ Three-dimensional, knitted polymer barrier



Spermiostatic Environment⁶ Contraceptive-loaded silicone ring releasing non-hormonal active Ferrous gluconate

1. https://www.urban.org/urban-wire/women-want-effective-birth-control
2. lessard, L. Perspectives on Sexual and Reproductive Health, Volume 44, Number 3,9-2012
3. Hooper, D.J. (In Drug Investig, 2020);021/37,636
3. Hooper, D.J. (In Drug Investig, 2020);021/37,636
4. Ersek, J., Matern Child Health J. (2011) 15,439-566
5. In PCT studies of similar size, products (disphragms) that demonstrated no motile sperm in the cervical muc
Reproduction, Volume 20.3, Issue 2, August 2020, Pages 437-444
6. Journal of Reproductive Medicine 2009, 56, 685-696
7. Trussell J. Contraceptive Efficacy: In Hatcher RA, Trussell J., Nelson AL, Cates W, Kowal D, Policar M. Contra

Fertility

Desired Features of Birth Control Products:1-4 Design Features of Ovaprene:5-7 +Efficacy 86% - 91% Expected Typical Use Effectiveness Approaching User-Controlled Hormone Contraception +Hormone Free No Hormones in the API Unique dual action MOA (spermiostatic & barrier) Monthly Ring Form +Convenience Women choose monthly intravaginal products for the convenience of a non-daily option Safety Profile Similar to a Diaphragm +Favorable Side No significant changes in vaginal flora and no serious adverse Effect Profile effects observed in studies to date No Systemic/Long-term Activity +Easily Manage Inserted and removed without a provider allowing for

immediate return to fertility

Ovaprene® - Commercial License Agreement with Bayer¹

January 2020 - Bayer, which markets the \$1 billion Mirena contraceptive franchise, and Daré announced the execution of a license agreement under which Bayer may commercialize Ovaprene investigational contraceptive in the US once approved by FDA.



Mirena® is the #1

prescribed IUD

in the U.S.*

- •Bayer received the right to obtain exclusive US rights to commercialize the product, following completion of the pivotal clinical trial if Bayer, in its sole discretion, pays Daré \$20 million.
- •Daré may receive up to \$310 million in commercial milestone payments, plus double-digit, tiered royalties on net sales.
- •Bayer supports the development and regulatory process by providing up to two full-time equivalents (internal experts) in an advisory capacity, which gives Daré access to their global manufacturing, regulatory, medical and commercial expertise.

We believe the licensing agreement with Bayer is validation of our broader corporate strategy and confirmation of Ovaprene's market potential, if approved, as the first monthly non-hormonal contraceptive product in the US market.

https://www.mirena-us.com/; supported by 2014-2016 SHS data

1. https://ir.darebioscience.com/news-releases/news-release-details/bayer-and-dare-bioscience-announce-exclusive-licensing-agreement

Ovaprene® - Collaborative Research Agreement with NIH1

July 2021 – Daré announced that funding and clinical operations support for the Phase 3 will be provided by the National Institutes of Health's Eunice Kennedy Shriver National Institute of Child Health and Human Development (NICHD) Under the CRADA



- The pivotal Phase 3 study will be supported by the NICHD's
 Contraceptive Development Program which oversees the Contraceptive
 Clinical Trial Network (CCTN) established in 1996 to conduct studies of
 investigational contraceptives. The Phase 3 study will be conducted
 within the CCTN with the NICHD contractor Health Decisions Inc.
- Daré will be responsible for providing clinical supplies of Ovaprene® and coordinating interactions with and preparing and submitting supportive regulatory documentation to the FDA.
- Under the CRADA, Daré also agreed to contribute \$5.5 million toward the total estimated cost to conduct the pivotal Phase 3 study, payable in four payments. Three payments totaling \$5 million have been made.

"This collaboration between Daré and NICHD marks an important milestone in Women's Healthcare Innovation. Women are at the center of everything we do and we are so pleased to continue to partner with Daré in support of our mission We're For Her to provide women with education and access to contraceptive options," said John Berrios, Bayer's Head of Women's Healthcare.

Ovaprene® - U.S. Regulatory Strategy¹

Premarket approval (PMA) strategy –

The Center for Devices and Radiological Health (CDRH) as lead review division

Step 1 (Completed)

•Postcoital Test (PCT) Clinical Study - Completed 4Q 2019

Step 2 (Ongoing)

- 1 FDA approval of investigational device exemption (IDE) for pivotal study start Obtained 4Q-2022
- 2 Review and implement additional FDA study design recommendations
- 3 Conduct pivotal study Recruitment initiation mid-2023
- ~200 subjects completing 12 months (13 cycles) of use
- Primary endpoints: safety and efficacy (pregnancy probability)
- Secondary endpoints: acceptability, product fit/ease of use and assessments of vaginal health

The PCT Clinical Study Met its Primary Endpoint

Ovaprene prevented the requisite number of sperm from reaching the cervix across all women and all cycles evaluated.

•Specifically, in 100% of women and cycles, an average of less than five (< 5) progressively motile sperm (PMS) per high-powered field (HPF) were present in the midcycle cervical mucus collected two to three hours after intercourse with Ovaprene in place.

•Women enrolled in the study who completed at least one Ovaprene PCT (N=26) had a mean of 27.21 PMS/HPF in their baseline cycle (without any contraceptive device), a mean of 0.22 PMS/HPF in their diaphragm cycle (in the presence of an FDA-cleared diaphragm with spermicide), and a mean of 0.48 PMS/HPF in their Ovaprene PCT cycles (in the presence of the Ovaprene device), with a median of zero PMS.

| | Mean Progressively Motile Sperm | Median Progressively Motile Sperm | Standard Deviation | Interquartile Range |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Baseline PCT's | 27.21 | 23.20 | 17.88 | 24.80 |
| Ovaprene PCT's | 0.48 | 0.00 | 1.18 | 0.10 |

•In PCT studies of similar size, products (diaphragms) that demonstrated no motile sperm in the cervical mucus during PCT assessments later demonstrated "typical use" contraceptive effectiveness of 86-91% in pivotal contraceptive studies evaluating pregnancy rates over six-month periods.²

1. Anticipated regulatory pathway and timelines.

2.Mauck C., Vincent K. Biology of Reproduction, Volume 103, Issue 2, August 2020, Pages 437–444

Sildenafil Cream, 3.6% Potential First-In-Category treatment for Female Sexual Arousal Disorder (FSAD), which has no FDA-approved therapies

Novel cream formulation of sildenafil to treat FSAD, utilizing active ingredient in Viagra®

FSAD - The Clinical Issue

Female Sexual Arousal Disorder (FSAD) is characterized primarily by inability to attain or maintain sufficient genital arousal during sexual activity and, of female sexual function disorders, is most analogous to erectile dysfunction (ED) in men.*



The condition should be distinguished from a general loss of interest in sexual activity and from other sexual dysfunctions, such as orgasmic disorder (anorgasmia) and hypoactive sexual desire disorder (HSDD), which is characterized as lack or absence of sexual fantasies and desire for sexual activity for some period of time.^{1,2}

^{*}Diagnostic and Statistical Manual 4,th Edition Text Revision (DSMIVTR), defines female sexual arousal disorder as a persistent or recurrent inability to attain or to maintain until completion of the sexual activity, an adequate lubrication-swelling response of sexual excitement. The diagnostic criteria also state that the inability causes marked distress or interpersonal difficulty, is not better accounted for by another Axis I disorder (except another sexual dysfunction) and is not due exclusively to the direct physiological effects of substance (e.g., a drug of abuse, a medication) or a general medical condition.

1.https://digeo.com/womens-sexual-health-overview/;

[.]https://health.usnews.com/conditions/sexual-disorder-dysfunctio

FSAD – What is the incidence?

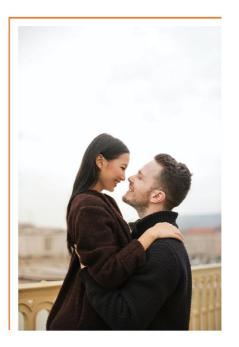
Meta-analysis of 95 studies from 2000-2014 indicated prevalence of Female Sexual Dysfunction in premenopausal women worldwide is 41%, and difficulty with arousal alone is 23%.1

Market research estimates:

▶33% of US women aged 21 to 60

(~ 20 million women), experience symptoms of low or no sexual arousal. 2,3

➤ 10 million women are considered distressed and actively seeking treatment.²



McCool et al. Sex Med Rev 2016;4:197-212. Ad Hoc Market Research: FSAD Prevalence Report (Oct 2015)

Ad Hoc Market Research: FSAD Prevalence Report (Oct 2015) conducted
 Based on US Census projections for 2016.

Sildenafil Cream, 3.6% - Product Profile

Topically administered investigational Sildenafil Cream¹ is...

- ► A PDE5 inhibitor utilized in ED medications for men ED product Viagra® peaked at \$2.05 billion in sales in 2012.²
- ➤ Designed to increase local blood flow to provide improvement in genital arousal response.
- ➤ Applied topically, avoiding hepatic first-pass metabolism response, resulting in lower systemic exposure potentially resulting in reduced side effects vs. oral sildenafil, including Viagra®.
- ➤ Given similarities between ED and FSAD, sildenafil the active ingredient in Viagra® may improve genital arousal response and overall sexual experience for women as it does in men.

There are no FDA-approved treatments for FSAD

1.Sildenafil Cream, 3.6%, (formerly SST-6007)
2.https://qz.com/quartzy/1238783/its-the-20th-anniversary-of-viagra-heres-how-its-changed-the-world/#:--text=Annual%20sales%20of%20Viagra%20peaked_Viagra%20is%20set%20to%20expire

Sildenafil Cream, 3.6% - Phase 2b

Ongoing Phase 2b clinical study aims to evaluate Sildenafil Cream vs. placebo over 12 weeks of dosing following both a non-drug and placebo run-in period.

- ➤ Compares Sildenafil Cream vs. placebo used in patients' home setting.
- ➤ Primary endpoint: patient reported outcome (PRO) instruments to measure improvement in localized genital sensations of arousal and reduction in FSAD related distress.
- ➤ Several exploratory efficacy endpoints will be measured and could become additional measurements of efficacy in a future Phase 3 program.



Study enrollment expected to complete in 4Q-2022 with approximately 150 subjects. Topline data of Phase 2b RESPOND study targeted for 2Q-2023.*

*Anticipated timing

Oral Sildenafil provided a compelling proof of concept for FSAD

Statistically significant increases in Vaginal Pulse Amplitude (VPA)¹

Pfizer VPA Clinical Lab Study – Oral Viagra



† Twelve healthy premenopausal

Statistically significant improvement in genital stimulation (FIEI)²

Pfizer Clinical Field Study – Oral Viagra



† Question #2 – "After taking study medication, the sensation/feeling in my genital (vaginal, labia, clitoris) area during intercourse or stimulation (foreplay) seemed to be: (a) more than before, (b) less than before, or (c) unchanged".

Question #4 — "After taking the study medication, intercourse and/or foreplay was: (a) pleasant and satisfying; better than before taking the study medication, (b) unpleasant; worse than before taking study medication, (c) unchanged; no difference, or (d) pleasant; but still not like it used to be or I would like it to be "

202 postmenopausal women with FSAD who had protocol specified estradiol and free testosterone concentrations, and/or were receiving estrogen and/or androgen replacement therapy were studied.

Key Takeaways of Viagra® studies:

- •Increased blood flow and clinical efficacy observed with oral sildenafil (Viagra®) in women.
- •The side effect profile of the oral formulation was not optimal for women leading to the exploration of alternative delivery options including a topical route of administration.

1. The Enhancement of Vaginal Vasocongestion by Sildenafil in Healthy Premenopausal Women. Journal of Women's Health & Gender-Based Medicine. Vol. 11, No. 4. 2002
2. Safety and Efficacy of Sildenafil Citrate for the Treatment of FSAD: A Double-Blind, Placebo Controlled Study. The Journal of Urology. Vol 170, 2333-2338, December 2003.

Sildenafil Cream, 3.6% - Phase 1 and Phase 2a Study Results

Phase 1 Study of SST-6007 (Sildenafil Cream, 3.6%)1

Normal healthy postmenopausal women were dosed with escalating doses of Sildenafil Cream, 3.6%, using a cross-over study design.

- •Sildenafil Cream had significantly lower systemic exposure compared to a 50 mg oral sildenafil dose
- •AUC-3-6%
- •C_{max} 1-2%
- •Sildenafil Cream was safe and well tolerated at clinically relevant doses (1-2g)
- •Favorable product characteristics as self-reported by subjects
- •Easy to use
- •Readily absorbed

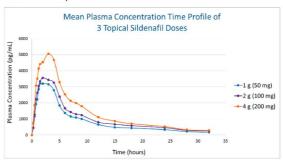
Phase 2a Study of SST-6007(Sildenafil Cream, 3.6%)¹

Demonstrated increased blood flow in the genital tissue compared to placebo (mean change in VPA analysis) in 31 women (pre and postmenopausal) \sim 30 minutes post dosing.

Phase 1 Study

| Parameter | Treatment Level | | | |
|-----------------|--|--|---|--|
| | 1 g cream (36mg sildenafil), n=20 | 2 g cream (71mg sildenafil), n=20 | 4 g cream (142mg sildenafil), n=19 | |
| Cmax (ng/mL) | 3.61 | 4.10 | 5.65 | |
| AUCo-t(h*ng/mL) | 27.45 | 33.32 | 45.33 | |
| Tmax (hr) | 2.56 | 2.60 | 2.42 | |

Phase 1 Study



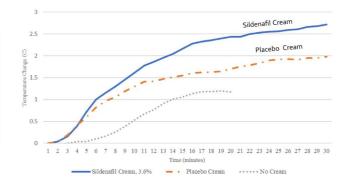
1. Data on file. Sildenafil Cream, 3.6% was previously known as SST-6007.

Sildenafil Cream, 3.6% - Thermography Study Results*

Demonstrated time to effect (See Figure 1)

- •Positive cognitive arousal responses were noted.
- Significantly greater increases in genital temperature after application of Sildenafil Cream compared to placebo cream.
- •Significantly greater self-reported arousal responses reported during Sildenafil Cream visits compared to placebo cream visits.

Figure 1. Clitoral temperature change during the sexually explicit film



Statistically significant greater linear slope during minutes 11-15 of the sexually explicit stimuli as compared to the placebo cream for the vestibule.

Thermography Study Design & Methodology (N=6)¹

Phase 1, single-dose, double-blind, placebo-controlled, 2-way crossover study evaluating the feasibility of using thermography to assess the pharmacodynamics of Sildenafil Cream, 3.6% in normal healthy women. The study required 3 visits and a follow up contact: Visit 1 (screening), Visits 2-3 (double-blind dosing) and a phone call (safety follow-up).



^{1.} Data on file

^{*} Thermography utilizes sensitive cameras capable of detecting and recording temperature variations over time. Genital temperature changes are a surrogate for genital blood flow

Phase 1 and Preclinical Programs

New investigational prescription drug delivery options for women

٥,

Advancing Products Women Want - Phase 1 and Preclinical

Phase 1

DARE-HRT1[^]

Hormone Therapy - Phase 1 Completed; Phase 1 / 2 Study Completed

- First-in-category combination hormone delivery for treatment of vasomotor and vaginal symptoms of menopause.
- Intravaginal ring (IVR) designed to release bio-identical estradiol and bio-identical progesterone over 28 days.
- Potential to be the first convenient monthly format product with both hormones;. There are no FDA approved options with both hormones in one monthly IVR.

DARE-FRT1/PTB1[^]

Pregnancy Maintenance
Phase 1 Study Preparation

- First-in-category progesterone delivery for pregnancy maintenance including the prevention of preterm birth (DARE-PTB1) and for luteal phase support as part of an IVF regimen (DARE-FRT1).
- IVR designed to release bio-identical progesterone over 14 days.
- Alternative to daily IM injections or vaginal gel. There are currently no FDA approved products marketed in the U.S. that do not require daily dosing of progesterone.

DARE-VVA1

Vulvar and Vaginal Atrophy

Phase 1/2 Study Commenced

- First-in-category hormone-free vaginal treatment for vulvar and vaginal atrophy (VVA) in a hormone-receptor positive (HR+) breast cancer patient population.
- Proprietary formulation of tamoxifen for vaginal administration.
- Potential to be the first therapeutic specifically approved for treatment of VVA in patients with HR+ breast cancer. There are currently no FDA approved products labeled for VVA treatment in HR+ breast cancer.

Pre-clinical

ADARE 204/214^

6 & 12-Month Injectable Contraception

Phase 1 Study Preparation

Novel 6 & 12-month injectable formulations of etonogestrel being developed as a longeracting, reversible method of contraception with a more predictable return to fertility. There are currently no FDA approved injectable contraceptives available indicated for 6-12 months protection.

^505(b)(2) regulatory pathway anticipated.

DARE-LARC1

Long-Acting, Reversible Personal Contraceptive System

Levonorgestrel-releasing, long-acting contraceptive implant that a woman can turn on and off herself, according to her own needs. Grant of up to \$48.95 M to advance technology through non-clinical proof of principle to enable IND submission, and an NIH grant to explore device insertion/removal in non-clinical studies.

There are currently no FDA approved implants available that allow one to remotely pause and resume dosing.

DARE-GML

Novel Antimicrobial Glycerol Monolaurate

A naturally occurring fatty acid monoester that has shown broad antimicrobial activity, killing bacteria, fungi, and viruses, and represents a new class of antimicrobials. GML has the potential to be a first-incategory multi-target antimicrobial agent.

DARE-RH1

Male or Female Contraceptive Target

A potential new rapidly reversible, nonhormonal contraceptive solution with application for women and men. There are currently no FDA approved contraceptives available that target sperm hypermotility required for implantation.

Intravaginal Ring (IVR) Technology Highlights

The Vaginal Route of Drug Administration¹

- ➤ Vaginal drug delivery offers many potential advantages due to large surface area, dense network of blood vessels and high elasticity due to presence of smooth muscle fibers.
- ➤ Recognized advantages include comparable ease of administration and ability to bypass hepatic first-pass metabolism.

Our IVR Technology – Design Features:

- ➤ Sustained drug delivery,
- ➤ Variable dosing and duration,
- ➤ Solid ethylene vinyl acetate (EVA) polymer matrix that can contain and release one or several active drugs,
- ➤ No need for membrane or reservoir to contain active drug(s) or control the release.



DARE-HRT1*

Combination bio-identical estradiol + bio-identical progesterone 28-day IVR for hormone therapy following menopause. There are no FDA approved options with both hormones in one monthly IVR.

Over 45M women in U.S. approaching or in menopause¹

Hormone Therapy (HT)

HT remains the most effective treatment for vasomotor symptoms (VMS) and genitourinary syndrome of menopause (GSM), and has been shown to prevent bone loss and fracture.²

•The 2022 Hormone Therapy Position Statement of The **North American Menopause Society** (NAMS), supports HT in peri-and post-menopausal women.²

NAMS observes: non-oral routes may offer advantages over oral routes of administration.²

*coc(b)(a) candidate3

LU.S. CERSUS BUYEAU, POPULATION DIVISION. 1able 2: 2015 to 20bo (NP2012-12). Released Dec. 2012, the control of the control of

2. https://www.menopause.org/docs/default-source/professional/nams-2022-hormone-therapy-position-statement.pdf

DARE-HRT1*

Completed Phase 1 STUDY

A Phase 1, Open-Label, 3-arm Parallel Group Study to Evaluate the Pharmacokinetics (PK) and Safety of DARE-HRT1 (80 μ g and 160 μ g Estradiol/ 4 mg and 8 mg Progesterone Intravaginal Rings) in Healthy Post-Menopausal Women.

The topline data from the study support DARE-HRT1's potential to be the first FDA-approved product to offer vaginal delivery of combination bio-identical estradiol and bio-identical progesterone hormone therapy in a convenient monthly format to treat both VMS as well as vaginal symptoms of menopause.

Completed Phase 1 / 2 STUDY

The open-label study evaluated the PK of the two dose versions of DARE-HRT1 in approximately 20 healthy, post-menopausal women over approximately three consecutive months of use. The study also collected safety, usability, acceptability and symptom-relief data.

The levels of estradiol released from both the lower and higher dose formulation of DARE-HRT1 evaluated in the study achieved statistically significant improvement in VMS as well as the genitourinary symptoms of menopause, and vaginal pH and maturation index. Menopausal symptoms, including hot flashes and night sweats, were reduced compared with baseline in both DARE-HRT1 dose groups (p<0.01). Participants also showed significant improvement from baseline in all measures surveyed on The Menopausal Quality of Life Survey (MENQOL), which surveys not only parameters of VMS, but also physical, psychosocial and sexual symptoms (p<0.01 on all domains). With DARE-HRT1 use, vaginal pH significantly decreased compared to baseline (p<0.01) and cytologic tests of the vaginal epithelium (vaginal maturation index) showed significant normalization (all p values <0.01 for increases in superficial cells, increases in intermediate cells and decreases in parabasal cells from baseline) among all participants. Finally, the most common genitourinary symptom, vaginal dryness, which was reported by 70% of participants at baseline, showed significant improvement in both DARE-HRT1 groups (p<0.01) and this subset also experienced significant decreases in vaginal pain with DARE-HRT1 use (p<0.01).

*505(b)(2) candidate3. 42

DARE-FRT1 and DARE-PTB1*

Bio-identical progesterone 14-day IVR for prevention of preterm birth and luteal phase support as part of an IVF treatment plan. There are currently no FDA approved products marketed in the U.S. that do not require daily dosing of progesterone.

Prevention of Preterm Birth (PTB)

After steadily declining from 2007 to 2014, the US premature birth rate rose for the fourth straight year in 2018 with \sim 10% of babies born preterm (<37 weeks).

NIH Grant Funding for PTB Program

Potential for up to \$2.3 million in NIH grant funding to support DARE-PTB1 development

•Notice of award for initial \$300,000 in grant funding announced Aug 2020. Eunice Kennedy Shriver National Institute of Child Health & Human Development of the National Institutes of Health Award Number R44 HD101169.

Assisted Reproductive Technologies (ART)/IVF

As women wait longer to have children, infertility risk increases

- •~12-15% of couples cannot conceive after 1-year of unprotected sex.4
- •~20% of US women have their first child after age 35; ~1/3 of couples in which the woman is older than 35 years have fertility problems.⁵

*505(b)(2) candidate1

NIH

- 1. Anticipated regulatory pathway. Daré has not had any communications with the FDA regarding the specific marketing approval requirements for DARE-FRT1 or DARE-PTB:
- .2019 March of Dimes Report Card, https://www.marchofdimes.org/mission/reportcard.asp
- 3.CDC's National Center for Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics Reports, Births: Final Data for 2018, Nov 27, 2019, https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nvsr/nvsr68/nvsr68_13-508.pdf
- .<u>https://www.nichd.nih.gov/health/topics/infertility/conditioninfo/common</u> accessed January 8, 2021
- .<u>https://www.cdc.gov/reproductivehealth/infertility/index.htm</u> accessed January 8, 2021
- Harris Williams & Co. Fertility market overview. May 201

Current products for delivery of progesterone for prevention of preterm birth, as well as luteal phase support in ART, are limited to daily vaginal or intramuscular injectable dosage forms, which have limitations in patient comfort, convenience, and outcomes.

The IVR is designed to deliver bioidentical progesterone continuously over a 14-day period and is being developed as a more convenient treatment option for the prevention of preterm birth (DARE-PTB1) and broader luteal phase support as part of an in vitro fertilization regimen (DARE-FRT1).

DARE-VVA1*

Proprietary tamoxifen formulation for vaginal administration for vulvar and vaginal atrophy (VVA), a chronic condition characterized by pain during intercourse, vaginal dryness and irritation.

There are currently no FDA approved products labeled for VVA treatment in HR+ breast cancer.

Potential to be the first therapeutic specifically approved for treatment of VVA in patients with hormone-receptor positive (HR+) breast cancer.

- •Approximately 3.8 million US women have a history of breast cancer; HR+ is the most common type.²
- •Localized estrogen therapy for VVA may be contraindicated for women diagnosed with, or at risk of recurrence of, ER-positive and PR-positive breast cancer.
- •VVA prevalence in postmenopausal breast cancer survivors is estimated at **42 to 70%.**³



Daré is developing this novel local application of tamoxifen to mitigate the symptoms of VVA for HR+ breast cancer patients, including women currently on anti-cancer therapy.

*505(b)(2) candidate²

1.Anticipated regulatory pathway. Daré has not had any communications with the FDA regarding the specific marketing approval requirements for DARE-VV/ merican Cancer Society, Breast Cancer Facts & Figures 2019-2020, https://www.cancer.org/content/dam/cancer-org/research/cancer-facts-and-statistics/breast-cancer-facts-and-figures/breast-cancer-facts

3.Clinical Breast Cancer, Dec 2017: https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1526820917300952

DARE-VVA1 - Proof of Concept

This exploratory study¹ in four postmenopausal women diagnosed with VVA demonstrated that a self-administered vaginal suppository containing tamoxifen (20mg) dosed daily for one week and twice weekly for three months was effective in reducing vaginal pH and vaginal dryness.

| Vaginal Tamoxifen | Enrollment (Baseline) | On Treatment (Month 3) | Paired Difference (Baseline vs. Month 3) |
|---|----------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Median Vaginal pH Normal vaginal pH is usually less than 4.5. ² | 7.1 range 6.5 to 7.5 | 5.0 range 5.0 to 5.2 | -2.0 median range -2.5 to -1.5 Lower pH value is a measure of symptom relief |
| Vaginal Dryness Rated using a visual analogue scale (VAS) that ranged from: 0 = Not bothered by dryness 10 = Extremely bothered by dryness | 8.0 range of 7.5 to 9.0 | 3.0 range 2.0 to 3.0 | -5.5 median range -6.0 to -4.5 Decreased vaginal dryness is a measure of symptom relief |

In addition, systemic absorption of tamoxifen was not significant:

- After 8 weeks of study treatment with vaginal tamoxifen, median plasma concentration of tamoxifen was 5.8 ng/ml, with a range of 1.0 to 10.0 ng/ml
- •In comparison, after 3 months of administration of 20mg, once-daily oral tamoxifen citrate (Nolvadex),3 the average steady state plasma concentration of tamoxifen is 122 ng/ml with a range of 71 to 183 ng/ml

1.Clin. Exp. Obstet. Gynecol. - ISSN: 0390-6663 XLVI, n. 2, 2019 2.https://www.medicalnewstoday.com/articles/322537.php

3.US Food and Drug Administration: "Drug Approval Package: Nolvadex (Tamoxifen Citrate) NDA# 21-109,2002". Available at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/nda/2002/21109_Nolvadex.cfm

DARE-VVA1 - Phase 1/2 Study

Phase 1/2 study¹ is designed to evaluate the safety, pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of DARE-VVA1 in postmenopausal participants with moderate to severe VVA and is being conducted by the Company's wholly owned subsidiary in Australia.

- The Phase 1/2 study will evaluate different doses of DARE-VVA1, a tamoxifen vaginal insert, in approximately 15-20 postmenopausal women with VVA, including a cohort of women with a history of breast cancer.
- The study is a randomized, multi-center, double-blind, parallel-arm, placebo-controlled, dose-ranging study that will evaluate the safety, tolerability, plasma pharmacokinetics (PK) and pharmacodynamics (PD) of DARE-VVA1.
- Eligible participants will be randomly allocated to one of five treatment groups (up to 5 participants per group) that will evaluate four dose levels (1 mg, 5 mg, 10 mg, and 20 mg) and a placebo.
- Following a screening visit, DARE-VVA1 will be self-administered intravaginally once a day for the first two weeks, and then twice a week for the following six weeks for a total treatment period of 56 days.
- In each treatment group, participants will have serial blood sampling for PK analysis and undergo safety evaluations and preliminary assessments of effectiveness. Following the completion of the treatment period, participants will attend a safety follow-up visit.

The primary endpoints of the study will evaluate the **safety and tolerability** of DARE-VVA1 by vaginal administration and determine the plasma PK of DARE-VVA1 after intravaginal application.

Secondary endpoints will evaluate **preliminary efficacy** and PD of DARE-VVA1 in terms of most bothersome symptom and changes in vaginal cytology and pH.

ADARE 204/214*

Novel 6 & 12-month injectable formulations of etonogestrel being developed as a longer-acting, reversible method of contraception with a more predictable return to fertility.

There are currently no FDA approved injectable contraceptives available indicated for 6-12 months protection.

~65M women in U.S. are in the reproductive health and contraception market segment1

The only approved injectable contraceptive product in the U.S. is DEPO-PROVERA CI (medroxyprogesterone acetate) injectable suspension, which is indicated as every 3 months (13 weeks) administered by deep, intramuscular injection in the gluteal or deltoid muscle.²

Some of the limitations with DEPO-PROVERA include the following:2,3

- 1. Requires an injection 4 times per year.
- 2. Unpredictable return to fertility. After stopping Depo-Provera, the median time to conception for those who do conceive is 10 months following last injection (range is 4 to 31 months).
- Research suggests that Depo-Provera and Depo-SubQ Provera 104 might cause a loss of bone mineral density. This loss might be especially concerning in teens who haven't reached their peak bone mass. And it's not clear whether this loss is reversible. Thus, Depo-Provera is not indicated for longer term use (i.e. more than 2 years).

The target product profile potential for ADARE204/214 are 6- and 12- month formulations, minimizing the number of injections required per year, and with a predictable return to fertility relative to the 6- or 12- month contraceptive window. Active is etonogestrel which does not have same black box warning regarding bone loss as medoxyprogesterone acetate.4

ed regulatory pathway. Daré has not had any communications with the FDA regarding the specific marketing approval requirements for ADARE 204/214

- 1 CDC National Survey for Family Growth, 2013-2015 dataset, cdc.gov.
 2 https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2010/0202465036lbl.pdf
- 3 https://www.mayoclinic.org/tests-procedures/depo-provera/about/pac-20392204#:--ttext=Among%20the%20things%20to%20cor 4 https://www.organon.com/product/usa/pi_circulars/n/nexplanon/nexplanon_pi.pdf

DARE-LARC1*

Long-Acting, Reversible Personal Contraceptive System – levonorgestrel-releasing implant drug delivery system designed to store and precisely deliver hundreds of therapeutic doses over years that a woman can turn on and off herself, according to her own needs, without further healthcare provider intervention.

There are currently no FDA approved implants available that allow one to remotely pause and resume dosing.



*505(b)(2) candidate1

1. Anticipated regulatory pathway. Daré has not had any communications with the FDA regarding the specific marketing approval requirements for DARE-LARC 1

DARE-GML

Glycerol monolaurate (GML) is a naturally occurring fatty acid monoester that has shown broad antimicrobial activity, killing bacteria, fungi and viruses, and represents a new class of antimicrobial agents.

GML has the potential to be a first-in-category multi-target antimicrobial.

Bacterial vaginosis and vulvovaginal candidiasis represent the two most common vaginal infections in the United States, leading to over 30 million treatment visits per year 1,2

Women often experience multiple episodes of vaginal infection in a year, and treatments for one condition may increase the likelihood of developing another condition.3 GML has multiple properties that make it an attractive active pharmaceutical ingredient (API) to potentially treat and/or prevent vaginal infections of various sources.

- 1. Proven activity against the key culprit microbial species (Gardnarella and Candida) that cause most vaginal infections4
- 2. Potential to inhibit bacterial biofilm formation and disrupt already formed biofilms⁵
- 3. Unique microbicidal mechanism of action, targeting bacterial surface signal signaling by plasma membrane disruption, potentially preventing development of microbial resistance⁵

GML has been shown both in vitro and in women to reduce both bacterial and fungal colonization without affecting the healthy bacteria that maintain vaginal health⁴ and has also been shown in vivo to inhibit viral transmission.⁶

- https://www.cdc.gov/std/bv/stats.htm
 Benedict K, Jackson BR, Chiller T, Beer KD. Estimation of do
 https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omc/articles/PMC3827160/
 Antimicrob Agents Chemother. 2010 Feb;54(2):597-601
 https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3932780/
 conscience-of-monolaurate-prevents murosal SVI transmire.

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