UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): October 6, 2020

DARÉ BIOSCIENCE, INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

001-36395 (Commission File Number)

20-4139823

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

3655 Nobel Drive, Suite 260 San Diego, CA 92122 (Address of Principal Executive Offices and Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (858) 926-7655

Not Applicable (Former name or former address, if changed since last report.)

he	ck the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultar	neously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under a	ny of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):					
	Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act	: (17 CFR 230.425)						
	Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)							
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))							
]	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under 4(c)) $$	the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-						
Seci	urities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:							
	Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered					
	Common stock	DARE	Nasdaq Capital Market					
	cate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth compa 4 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).	ny as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§23	30.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of					
	Emerging growth company							
	emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has ection 13(a) of the Exchange Act. $\ \Box$	elected not to use the extended transition period for compl	ying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant					

Item 8.01 Other Events

Included as Exhibit 99.1 to this report is a presentation about Daré and its product candidates, dated October 6, 2020, which is incorporated herein by reference. Daré intends to use the presentation and its contents in various meetings with investors, securities analysts and others, commencing on October 6, 2020.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

Exhibit No. Description

99.1 <u>Corporate presentation, dated October 6, 2020</u>

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

DARÉ BIOSCIENCE, INC.

Dated: October 6, 2020

By: Name: /s/ Sabrina Martucci Johnson

Sabrina Martucci Johnson

President and Chief Executive Officer Title:





DARÉ
IN ITALIAN, IT MEANS "TO GIVE."
IN ENGLISH, IT MEANS "TO BE BOLD."

Octobe

Forward-Looking Statements

THIS PRESENTATION IS FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND IS NOT AN OFFER TO SELL OR A SOLICITATION OF AN OFFER TO BUY ANY SECURITIES OF DARÉ BIOSCIENCE, INC. ("DARÉ" OR THE "COMPANY"). THIS PRESENTATION INCLUDES CERTAIN INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM TRADE AND STATISTICAL SERVICES, THIRD PARTY PUBLICATIONS, AND OTHER SOURCES. DARÉ HAS NOT INDEPENDENTLY VERIFIED SUCH INFORMATION AND THERE CAN BE NO ASSURANCE AS TO ITS ACCURACY.

ALL STATEMENTS IN THIS PRESENTATION, OTHER THAN STATEMENTS OF HISTORICAL FACT, ARE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS WITHIN THE MEANING OF FEDERAL SECURITIES LAWS. IN SOME CASES, YOU CAN IDENTIFY FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS BY TERMS SUCH AS "MAY," "WILL," "EXPECT," "PLAN," "ANTICIPATE," "STRATEGY," "DESIGNED," "COULD," "INTEND," "BELIEVE," "ESTIMATE," "TARGET," O "POTENTIAL" AND OTHER SIMILAR EXPRESSIONS, OR THE NEGATIVE OF THESE TERMS. AS USED IN THIS PRESENTATION, "FIRST-IN-CATEGORY" IS A FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENT REGARDING MARKET POTENTIAL OF A PRODUCT CANDIDATE. FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS INVOLVE RISKS, UNCERTAINTIES AND ASSUMPTIONS THAT MAY CAUSE DARÉ'S ACTUAL RESULTS, PERFORMANCE OR ACHIEVEMENTS TO BE MATERIALLY DIFFERENT FROM THOSE EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED BY THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES RELATING TO: THE OUTCOME OR SUCCESS OF CLINICAL TRIALS; DARÉ'S ABILITY TO RAISE ADDITIONAL CAPITAL AS NEEDED; DARÉ'S ABILITY TO OBTAIN AND MAINTAIN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY PROTECTION FOR ITS PRODUCT CANDIDATES; DARÉ'S ABILITY TO DEVELOP PRODUCT CANDIDATES ON THE TIMELINES SET FORTH HEREIN; INCLUDIN DUE TO THE EFFECT, IF ANY, THAT COVID-19 MAY HAVE THEREON; AND OTHER RISK FACTORS DESCRIBED IN DARÉ'S MOST RECENT ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K AND QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q FILED WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION.

ALL FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS IN THIS PRESENTATION ARE CURRENT ONLY AS OF THE DATE HEREOF AND DARÉ DOES NOT UNDERTAKE ANY OBLIGATION TO UPDATE ANY FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENT TO REFLECT NEW INFORMATION, FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS OR OTHERWISE, EXCEPT AS REQUIRED BY LAW.



We partner so we can...

Accelerate exciting new products

Develop new solutions to **address persistent unmet needs**Become a **pipeline resource** for large and emerging commercial companies

Drive **new innovation**

We look for...

Highly differentiated products with attractive market opportunities

Proof-of-concept and/or the ability to leverage a 505(b)(2) regulatory pathway

First-in-category or first-line opportunities

Personalized for women (non-systemic delivery)

We partner with...



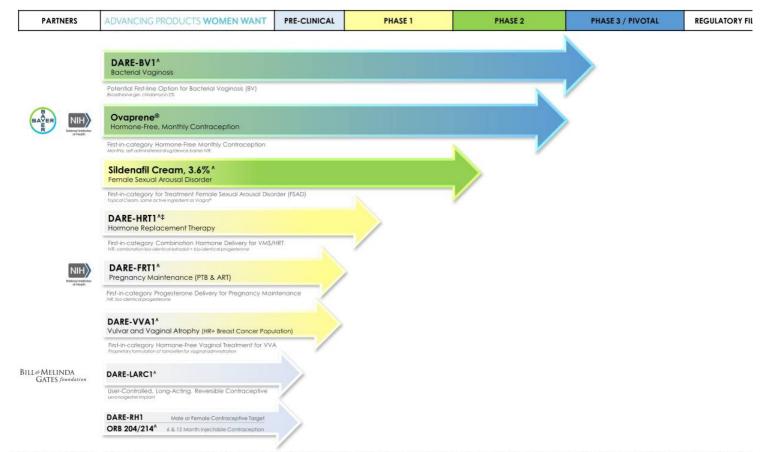






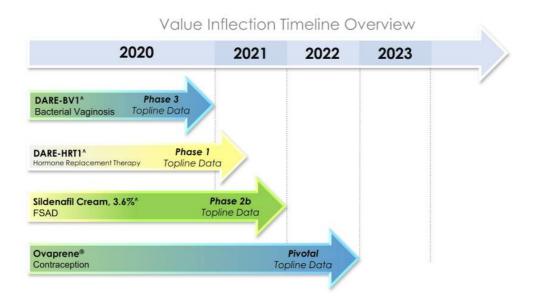


he Ovacrene PCT clinical study (clinicaltrials gov) identifier: NCT03598088), which was conducted with support from the Eurica Kennedy Shriver National Institute of Child Health and Human Development of the National Institutes of Health under Award Number R44HD09572

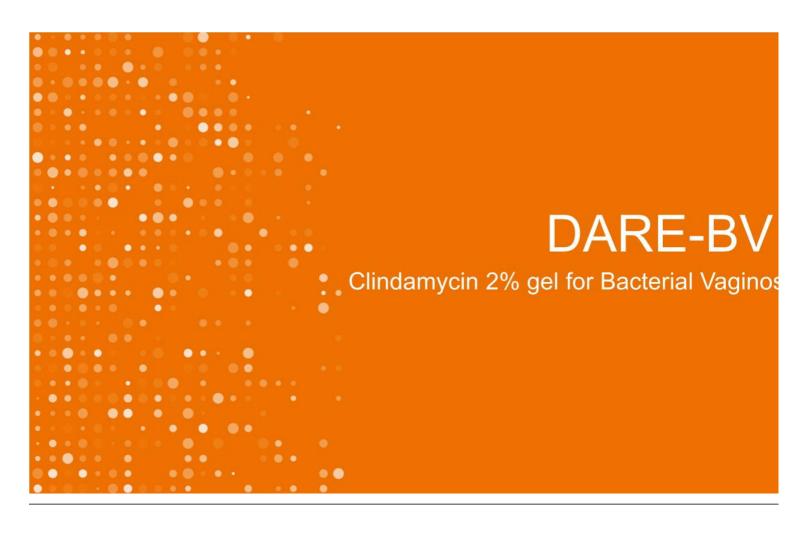


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WE ARE **ACCELERATING INNOVATION**IN WOMEN'S HEALTH



Timeline reflects management's current estimates and constitutes a forward-looking statement subject to qualifications noted elsewhere in this presentation. Actual development timelines may be substantially longer, and Dark is under no obligation to update or review these estimates. *505(b)(2) regulatory pathway anticipate



Bacterial Vaginosis (BV) - What is the clinical issue?

Frequently recurring infection that can be difficult to treat

- The most common vaginal infection in women ages 15-44¹
- Estimated to affect ~21 million women in the U.S.¹
- Current prescription drugs are less than optimal with clinical cure ranging from 37-68%²

BV increases clinical risks³

- Preterm birth BV is linked to premature deliveries and low birth weight babies
- Sexually transmitted infections BV makes women more susceptible to sexually transmitted infections, such as HIV, herpes simplex virus, chlamydia or gonorrhea
- BV may increase the risk of developing a post-surgical infection after gynecologic procedures
- BV can sometimes cause pelvic inflammatory disease (PID), an infection of the uterus and the fallopian tubes that can increase the risk of infertility

https://www.cdc.gov/std/bv/stats.htm BV Product Data: http://www.clindesse.com/pdf/PI.pdf; http://www.clindesse.com/pdf/PI.pdf

CURATIVE POTENTIAL FOR THE MOST COMMON VAGINAL INFECTION (WOMEN AGES 15-44)

Investigator Initiated Proof of Concept Study

Product	Clinical (Amsel) Cure	Bacteriologic (Nugent) Cure	Therapeutic Cure
DARE-BV1	86%	57%*	57%*
Solosec®2 (secnidazole 2g oral granules)	53-68%	40-46%	35-40%
Clindesse®3 clindamyoin phosphate Vagina) Cream, 2%	41-64%	45-57%	30-42%
Metronidazole gel,1.3% ⁴	37%	20%	17%

^{*} Based on data from 7 evaluable patients

DARE-BV1 is a thermosetting vaginal gel formulated with clindamycin phosphate 2%, a well known and well characterized antibiotic, that is designed for prolonged, localized release.

- Proof of Concept Study: 28 of 30 women completed the study
 Primary endpoint: Test-of-Cure Visit (Day 7 14)

 24 of 28 (86%) women achieved clinical cure based on Amsel criteria

 4 of 7 (57%) women had bacteriologic cure and 4 of 7 (57%) had therapeutic cure
 Continued clinical response visit (Day 21 30)

 22 of 24 (92%) women showed continued clinical cure

 7 of 9 women had bacteriologic cure and 6 of 9 had therapeutic cure

- 1. Dupre, A. et al. 2020. Proof of concept study of a novel Bloadhesive clindamycin phosphate 2% vaginal get to freat bacterial vaginosis. Clin. Exp. Obstet. Gynecol. Vol. 47, n.4-516-18, available at https://coop.irrspress.com/EN/10.310830/coop.2020.04.5004 No clinical studies have been conducted to evaluate the efficiency of the EN/2 provided products. The current and the efficiency of the EN/2 provided products a label.

 2. https://daisyney.media/da/fabups/sci.dr/en/ed-e5/3-203-2020-2026383323248/gee-dipley. Cure rate range reflects low and high cure rates across multiple studies.

 3. http://www.circlessac.com/pdf/Pig/C. current errape reflects low and high cure rates across multiple studies.

 4. http://www.circlessac.com/pdf/Pig/C. current errape reflects low and high cure rates across multiple studies.

DARE-BV1 (Ongoing Phase 3 Study)

Phase 3 Clinical Study Design

Day 1 Baseline Visit

Tests Performed:

- · Signs & symptoms
- pH
- · Saline "wet mount"
- · 10% KOH "whiff test"

Single administration of DARE-BV1 or placebo





2 to 1 Randomization



Placebo

Day 7 - 14 Secondary Endpoint (Test-of-Cure Visit)

Tests Performed:

- Signs & symptoms
- pH
- Saline "wet mount"
- 10% KOH "whiff test"
- Nugent score

Day 21 - 30 **Primary Endpoint** (Test-of-Cure Visit)

Tests Performed:

- Signs & symptoms
- pH
- · Saline "wet mount"
- 10% KOH "whiff test"
- Nugent score

N~280 subjects (age 12 and above) Duration ~30 days per subject Diagnosis - Bacterial vaginosis

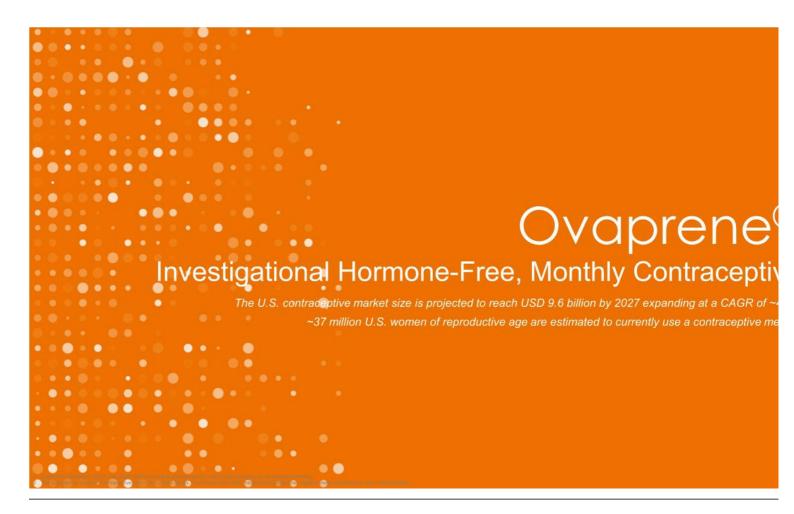
Definitions:

Primary Endpoint: Clinical Cure (Day 21-30): Resolution of the abnormal vaginal discharge associated with BV; Negative 10% KOH "whiff test"; Clue cells < 20% of the total epithelial cells in the saline wet mount.

Secondary endpoints: Proportion of subjects with Clinical Cure, Bacteriological Cure and Therapeutic Cure at Day 7-14 Visit

Bacteriological Cure: a Nugent score < 4.

Therapeutic Cure: both a Clinical Cure and Bacteriological Cure.



Contraception: what kinds of products are successful?



Mirena® Hormone IUD (levonorgestrel-releasing intrauterine system) 52mg

Physician inserted, long-acting. low/locally delivered hormone IUS



Lo Loestrin®

Lowest amount of daily estrogen (10 micrograms) available in pill form



NuvaRing® jetonogestrel/ethinyl estradiol vaginal ring)

Monthly vaginal ring

2019 worldwide sales: €1.2 billion (Bayer)

2019 US sales: \$588 million (Allergan)²

2019 worldwide sales: \$879 million (

Lower hormone levels and more convenient delivery platforms

- . https://www.bayer.com/en/bayer-ag-annual-report-2019.pdfx. Includes sales for Mirena®, Kyleena® and Jaydess® / Skyla®
- https://s21.q4cdn.com/488056881/files/doc_financials/2019/q4/2019-Form-10-K-Final.pdf
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Contraception: what features are women seeking?

Effectiveness (pregnancy prevention)

Less Hormones

· A majority of women prefer a monthly option with a lower hormone dose than the standard birth control pill.

Convenient dosing forms

Independent surveys revealed that the vaginal ring has many of the features women deemed extremely important.²

Defined coverage periods

 ~70% of women who practice contraception use non-coital (not in the moment) methods.

METHOD	No. of women	% of women aged 15-44	% of women at risk of unintended pregnancy	cor
Pill	9,572,477	15.6	22.7	
Tubal (female) sterilization	8,225,149	13.4	19.5	
Male condom	5,496,905	8.9	13.0	
IUD	4,452,344	7.2	10.6	
Vasectomy				
(male sterilization)	2,441,043	4.0	5.8	
Withdrawal	3,042,724	5.0	7.2	
Injectable	1,481,902	2.4	3.5	
Vaginal ring	905,896	1.5	2.1	
Fertility awareness-				
based methods	832,216	1.3	2.0	
Implant	965,539	1.6	2.3	
Patch	69,106	0.1	0.2	
Emergency contraception	69,967	0.1	0.2	
Other methods*	234,959	0.4	0.6	
No method, at risk of				
unintended pregnancy	4,408,474	7.2	10.5	
No method, not at risk	19,302,067	31.4	na	
Total	61,491,766	100.0	100.0	



Hooper, DJ, Clin Drug Investig. 2010;30(11):74863 Lessard, L.Perspectives on Sexual and Reproductive Health, Volume 44, Number 3,9-2012

Contraception: what products are hormone-free? 12



[.] Trussell J. Contraceptive Efficacy. In Hatcher RA, Trussell J, Nelson AL, Cates W, Kowal D, Policar M. Contraceptive Technology: Twentieth Revised Edition. New York, NY: Ardent Media, 2011.

http://www.contraceptivetechnology.org/wp-content/uploads/2013/09/CTFailureTable.pdl

Contraception: what's missing from hormone-free options?



Ovaprene® Investigational Hormone-Free, Monthly Contraceptive

Desired Features of Birth Control Products: 1-4	Design Features of Ovaprene:5-7
+ Efficacy	86% - 91% Expected Typical Use Effectiveness Approaching Hormone Contraception
Hormone Free	No Hormones in the API Unique dual action MOA (spermiostatic & barrier)
- Convenience	Monthly Ring Form Women choose monthly rings for the convenience of a non-daily option
Favorable Side Effect Profile	Safety Profile Similar to a Diaphragm No significant changes in vaginal flora and no serious adverse effects observed in studies to date
+ Easily Manage Fertility	No Systemic/Long-term Activity Inserted and removed without a provider allowing for immediate return to fertility



gluconate

Ovaprene® Investigational Hormone-Free, Monthly Contraceptive

U.S. Regulatory Strategy

Premarket approval (PMA) with the Center for Devices and Radiological Health (CDRH) as lead review division

Step 1 (Completed)

Postcoital Test (PCT) Study - Completed 4Q 2019

Step 2 (Ongoing)

- File investigational device exemption (IDE) to support 2022 pivotal study readout
- Conduct pivotal study
 - · Topline data expected by year-end 2022
 - ~250 completers up to 12 months of use
 - Primary endpoints: safety and efficacy (pregnancy probability)
 - Secondary endpoints: acceptability, product fit/ease of use and assessments of vaginal health

The PCT Clinical Study Met its Primary Endpoint 2

Ovaprene prevented the requisite number of sperm from reaching cervix across all women and all cycles evaluated.

- Specifically, in 100% of women and cycles, an average of less than five (< 5)
 progressively motile sperm (PMS) per high-powered field (HPF) were present in the
 midcycle cervical mucus collected two to three hours after intercourse with Ovin place.
- Women enrolled in the study who completed at least one Ovaprene PCT (N=26 mean of 27.21 PMS/HPF in their baseline cycle (without any contraceptive devicemean of 0.22 PMS/HPF in their diaphragm cycle (in the presence of an FDA-clect diaphragm with spermicide), and a mean of 0.48 PMS/HPF in their Ovaprene PC cycles (in the presence of the Ovaprene device), with a median of zero PMS.

	Mean Progressively Mobile Sperm	Median Progressively (ACTS Spectra	Standard Deviation	Interd
Baseline PCT's	27.21	23.20	17.88	2
Ovaprene PCT's	0.48	0.00	1.18	

1. Arbicipated regulatory pathway and timelines.
2. In PCT subtract of similar size, exoducts (disphases) that demonstrated no motifie sperm in the cervical mucus during PCT assessments later demonstrated "twical use" contraceptive effectiveness of 86-91% in nivetal contraceptive studies evaluating pregnance.

Ovaprene® Investigational Hormone-Free, Monthly Contraceptive

Ovaprene Commercial License Agreement with Bayer¹



January 2020 - Bayer, marketer of the \$1 billion Mirena contraceptive franchise, and Daré announced that the companies signed a license agreement under which Bayer may commercialize Ovaprene in the United States once approved by the FDA.

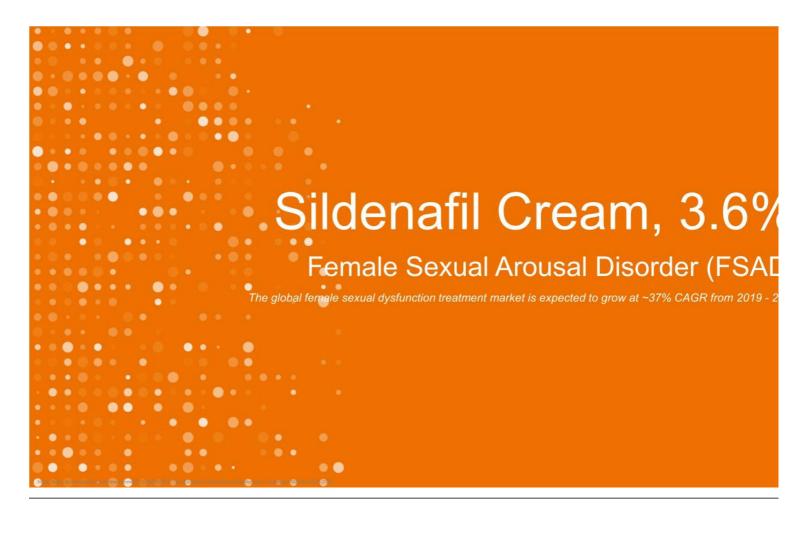
Mirena® is the prescribed IUD in the U.S.*

- Bayer received the right to obtain exclusive rights to commercialize the product in the U.S. following completion of the pivotal clinical trial if Bayer, in its sole discretion, makes payment to Daré of \$20 million.
- Daré may receive up to \$310 million in commercial milestone payments plus tiered royalties on net sales i
 the double-digits.
- Bayer supports the development and regulatory process by providing up to two full-time equivalents (internal experts), or FTEs, in an advisory capacity, which gives us access to their global manufacturing, regulatory, medical and commercial internal expertise.

We believe the licensing agreement with Bayer is validation of our broader corporate strategy and confirmation of Ovaprene's market potential as the first monthly non-hormonal contraceptive product in the US market.

https://www.mirena-us.com/; supported by 2014-2016 SHS data

^{1.} https://ir.darebioscience.com/news-releases/news-release-details/bayer-and-dare-bioscience-announce-exclusive-licensing-agreement



FSAD - what is the clinical issue?

- Female Sexual Arousal Disorder (FSAD) is characterized primarily by an inability to attain or maintain sufficient genital arousal during sexual activity and, of the female sexual function disorders, is the analogous to erectile dysfunction (ED) in men.*
- The condition should be distinguished from a general loss of interest in sexual activity and from other sexual dysfunctions, such as the orgasmic disorder (anorgasmia) and hypoactive sexual desire disorder (HSDD), which is characterized as a lack or absence of sexual fantasies and desire for sexual activity for some period of time.^{1,2}

*Diagnostic and Statistical Manual 4th Edition Text Revision (DSM IV TR), defines female sexual arousal disorder as a persistent or recurrent inability to attain or to maintain until completion of the sexual activity, an adequate lubrication-swelling response of sexual excitement. The diagnostic criteria also state that the inability causes marked distress or interpersonal difficulty, is not better accounted for by another Axis I disorder (except another sexual dysfunction) and is not due exclusively to the direct physiological effects of a substance (e.g., a drug of abuse, a medication) or a general medical condition.

https://droeo.com/womens-sexual-health-overview/;
 https://do.eith.unever.com/womens-sexual-health-overview/;

FSAD - what is the incidence?..

Meta-analysis of 95 studies from 2000-2014 indicated the prevalence of Female Sexual Dysfunction in premenopausal women worldwide is 40.9%, and difficulty with arousal alone is 23%.¹

Market research estimates:

- 33% of women in the U.S. age 21 to 60 (approximately 20 million women), experience symptoms of low or no sexual arousal.^{2,3}
- 10 million women are considered distressed and actively seeking treatment.²



McCool et al. Sex Med Rev 2016;4:197-212

Ad Hoc Market Research; FSAD Prevalence Report
 Based on US Census projections for 2018.

Topically administered Sildenafil Cream is...

- A PDE5 inhibitor utilized in ED medications for men (Viagra®)
- Designed to increase local blood flow to provide an improvement in genital arousal response
- Applied topically, avoiding hepatic first-pass metabolism response resulting in lower systemic exposure resulting in reduced side effects compared to oral sildenafil, including Viagra[®]
- Given the similarities between ED and FSAD, the active ingredient in Viagra® sildenafil may improve genital arousal response and overall sexual experience for women as it does in men

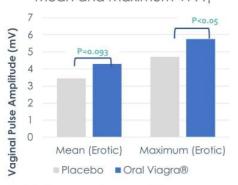
There are no FDA-approved treatments for FSAD

1. Sildenafil Cream, 3.6%, (formerly SST-6007)

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Statistically significant increases in Vaginal Pulse Amplitude (VPA)

Pfizer VPA Clinical Lab Study – Oral Viagra Mean and Maximum VPA†

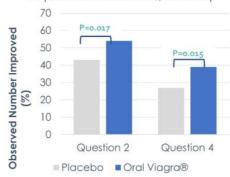


† Twelve healthy premenopausal women were studied.

Statistically significant improvement in genital stimulation (FIEI)²

Pfizer Clinical Field Study - Oral Viagra

Improvement on FIEI Questions†



Key Takeaways of Viagra® studi

- Increased blood flow and clir efficacy observed with oral sil (Viagra[®]) in women.
- The side effect profile of the offormulation was not optimal forwomen leading to the exploal efformative delivery options in a topical route of administration.

Female Intervention Efficacy Index (FIEI)

† Question #2 – "After taking study medication, the sensation/feeling in my genital (vaginal, labia, clitoris) area during intercourse or stimulation (foreplay) seemed to be: (a) more than before, (b) less than before, or (c) unchanged". Question #4 - "After taking the study medication, intercourse and/or foreplay was: (a) pleasant and satisfying; better than before taking the study medication, (b) unpleasant: worse than before taking study medication, (c) unchanged; no difference, or (d) pleasant: but still not like it used to be or I would like it to be." 202 postmenopausal women with FSAD who had protocol specified estradiol and free testosterone concentrations, and/or were receiving estrogen and/or androgen replacement therapy were studied.

The Enhancement of Vaginal Vascongestion by Sildenafil in Healthy Premenopausal Women. Journal of Women's Health & Gender-Based Medicine. Vol. 11, No. 4. 2002
 Safety and Efficacy of Sildenafil Citrate for the Treatment of FSAD: A Double-Blind, Placebo Controlled Study. The Journal of Urology. Vol 170, 2333-2338. December 2003.

Phase 1 Study of SST-6007 (Sildenafil Cream, 3.6%)¹

Normal healthy postmenopausal women were dosed with escalating doses of Sildenafil Cream, 3.6%, using a cross-over study design.

- Sildenafil Cream had significantly lower systemic exposure compared to a 50 mg oral sildenafil dose
 - AUC 3-6%
 - $C_{max} 1-2\%$
- Sildenafil Cream was safe and well tolerated at clinically relevant doses (1-2g)
- Favorable product characteristics as self-reported by subjects
 - · Easy to use
 - · Readily absorbed

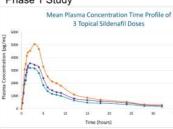
Phase 2a Study of SST-6007 (Sildenafil Cream, 3.6%)¹

Demonstrated increased blood flow in the genital tissue **compared to placebo** (mean change in VPA analysis) in 31 women (pre and postmenopausal) ~30 minutes post dosing.

Phase 1 Study

Treatment	N=59	Sildenafil Single Dose	C _{max} (ng/ml)	T _{max} (hr)
Topical Sildenafil 1 g of cream	20	35 mg	3.4	2.37
Topical Sildenafil 2 g of cream	20	71 mg	3.8	2.27
Topical Sildenafil 4 g of cream	19	142 mg	5.3	2.22





Positive Data - Thermography Study*

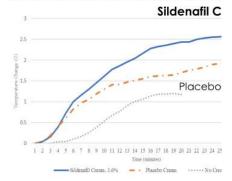
Positive findings for Sildenafil Cream, 3.6% (controlled in the controlled in the co

- Positive cognitive arousal responses were noted.
- Significantly greater increases in genital temperature after application of Sildenafil Cream compared to placebo cream and no cream.
- Significantly greater self-reported arousal responses reported during Sildenafil Cream visits compared to placebo cream visits.

Thermography Study Design & Methodology [N=6]

Phase 1, single-dose, double-blind, placebo-controlled, 2-way crossover study evaluating the feasibility of using thermography to assess the pharmacodynamics of Sildenafil Cream, 3.6% in normal healthy women. The study required 3 visits and a follow up contact: Visit 1 (screening), Visits 2-3 (double-blind dosing) and a phone call (safety follow-up).

Figure 1. Clitoral temperature change during the sexually explicit



Statistically significant greater linear slope durir 11-15 of the sexually explicit stimuli as compare placebo cream for the vestibule.

^{1.} Data on file

^{*}Thermography utilizes sensitive carreras capable of detecting and recording temperature variations over time. Genital temperature changes are a surrogate for genital blood flow.

Phase 2b – At Home Study

The Phase 2b study is designed to evaluate Sildenafil Cream versus placebo over twelve weeks of dosing following both a non-drug and placebo run-in period.

- In the Phase 2b study women will use Sildenafil Cream and placebo in their home setting.
- Primary endpoint patient reported outcome (PRO) instruments to measure improvement in localized genital sensations of arousal and reduction in the distress that women with FSAD experience.
- Several exploratory efficacy endpoints will be measured and could potentially prove to be additional measurements of efficacy in a future Phase 3 program.





Vaginal Drug Delivery Technology - IVR

The Vaginal Route of Drug Administration'

- Vaginal drug delivery offers many potential advantages due to the large surface area, a dense network of blood vessels and high elasticity due to presence of smooth muscle fibers
- Recognized advantages include: comparable ease of administration and ability to bypass hepatic first-pass metabolism

Our Intravaginal Ring (IVR) Technology - Design Features:

- · Sustained drug delivery
- Variable dosing and duration
- Solid ethylene vinyl acetate (EVA) polymer matrix that can contain and release a single or multiple active drugs
- No need for a membrane or reservoir to contain the active drug(s) or control the release

1. Sonia, T.A. & Sharma, C.P., "Routes of administration of insulin – Vaginal route," Oral Delivery of Insulin, 2014, https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/pharmacology-loxicology-and-pharmaceutical-science/vaginal-drug-delivery



Vaginal Drug Delivery Technology - IVR

DARE-HRT1

A combination bio-identical estradiol + bio-identical progesterone IVR for hormone replacement therapy

Hormone Replacement Therapy (HRT)

HRT remains the most effective treatment for vasomotor symptoms (VMS) and the genitourinary syndrome of menopause (GSM) and has been shown to prevent bone loss and fracture.²

 The 2017 Hormone Therapy Position Statement of The North American Menopause Society (NAMS), supports HRT in peri-and post-menopausal women.²

NAMS observes that **non-oral routes may offer advantages** over oral routes of administration.²

Ongoing Phase 1 VMS/HRT S1

A Phase 1, Open-Label, 3-arm Parallel Group Study to Evaluate Pharmacokinetics and Safety o DARE-HRT1 (80 µg and 160 µg Estradiol/ 4 mg and 8 mg Progesterone Intravaginal Rings Healthy Post-Menopausal Wom

N=30

45M women in U.S. approaching or in menopause³

505(b)(2) candidate

1. Anticipated regulatory pathway. Dark has not had any communications with the FDA regarding the specific marketing approval requirements for DARE-HRT1 or DARE-FRT1

The 2017 hormone therapy position statement of The North American Memopause. The Journal of The North American Memopause Society Vol. 24, No. 7, pp. 728-753, https://www.memopause.org/docs/default-source/2017/nams-2017-hormone-therapy-position-statement.pr

Vaginal Drug Delivery Technology - IVR

DARE-FRT1

A bio-identical progesterone IVR for the prevention of preterm birth and IVF/fertility support

Prevention of Preterm Birth (PTB)

After steadily declining from 2007 to 2014, the premature birth rate in the United States rose fc fourth straight year in 2018 with ~10% of babies born preterm (less than 37 weeks).3



NIH Grant Funding for DARE-FRT1 (PTB)

Potential for up to \$2.3 million in grant funding from the NIH to support the DARE-FRT1 program

· Notice of award for initial \$300,000 in grant funding announced Aug 2020.

Assisted Reproductive Technologies (ART)/IVF

As women wait longer to have children, they increase their risk of infertility.

- An estimated 12-15% of couples are unable to conceive after 1-year of unprotected sex.
- Approximately 20% of U.S. women have their first child after age 35 and about 1/3 of couples in which the woman is older than 35 years have fertility problems.



505(b)(2) candidate

- ort Card, https://www.marchofdimes.org/mission/reportcard.aspx Health Statistics, National Vital Statistics Reports, Births: Final Data for 2018, Nov 27, 2019, https://wom.https://www.michd.nih.gov/health/topics/infertility/conditioninfo/common

Vaginal Drug Delivery Technology

DARE-VVA1

A proprietary formulation of tamoxifen for vaginal administration

Vulvar and vaginal atrophy (VVA)

A chronic condition characterized by pain during intercourse, vaginal dryness and irritation

Potential to be the first treatment specifically approved for the treatment of vulvar and vaginal atrophy (VVA) in patients with hormone-receptor positive (HR+) breast cancer.

- Approximately 3.8 million women in the U.S. have a history of breast cancer and HR+ is the most common type.²
- Localized estrogen therapy for VVA may be contraindicated for women diagnosed with, or at risk of recurrence of, ER-positive and PR-positive breast cancer.

VVA prevalence in postmenopausal breast-cancer survivors is estimated to be between **42 and 70%.**³



Daré is developing this novel application of tamoxifen to n symptoms of VVA for patients cancer, including women cul anti-cancer therapy.

505(b)(2) candidate

1. Anticipated regulatory pathway. Dare has not had any communications with the FDA regarding the specific marketing approval requirements for DARE-VVA1.

2. American Cancer Society, Breast Cancer Facts & Figures 2019-2020, https://www.cancer.org/content/dam/cancer-org/research/cancer-facts-and-statistics/breast-cancer-facts-and-figures/breast

Vaginal Drug Delivery Technology

This exploratory study in four postmenopausal women diagnosed with VVA demonstrated that a self-administered vaginal suppository containing tamoxifen (20mg) dosed daily for one week and twice weekly for three months was effective in reducing vaginal pH and vaginal dryness.

Vaginal Tamoxifen	Enrollment (Baseline)	On Treatment (Month 3)	Paired Difference (Baseline vs. Month 3)
Median Vaginal pH Normal vaginal pH is usually less than 4.5. ²	7.1 range 6.5 to 7.5	5.0 range 5.0 to 5.2	-2.0 median range -2.5 to -1.5 Lower pH value is a measure of symptom relief
Vaginal Dryness Rated using a visual analogue scale (VAS) that ranged from: 0 = Not bothered by dryness 10 = Extremely bothered by dryness	8.0 range of 7.5 to 9.0	3.0 range 2.0 to 3.0	-5.5 median range -6.0 to -4.5 Decreased vaginal dryness is a measure of symptom relief

In addition, systemic absorption of tamoxifen was not significant.

- After 8 weeks of study treatment with vaginal tamoxifen, the median plasma concentration of tamoxifen was 5.8 ng/ml, with a range of 1.0 to 10.0 ng/ml
- In comparison, after 3 months of administration of 20mg, once-daily oral tamoxifen citrate (Nolvadex),³ the average steady state plasma concentration of tamoxifen is 122 ng/ml with a range of 71 to 183 ng/ml

[.] Clin. Exp. Obstet. Gynecol. - ISSN: 0390-6663 XLVI, n. 2, 201

^{2.} nttps://www.nedicianewsocay.com/articles/szz2s/z.pnp
3. US Food and Drug Administration: "Drug Approval Package: Nolvadex (Tamoxifen Citrate) NDA# 21-109.2002", Available at: https://www.accessidata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/nda/2002/21109_Nolvadex.cfm



DARE-LARC1

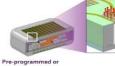
Design Features of the Technology:

Drug Storage

- · Individual doses are stored in micro-reservoir arrays
- · Reservoirs are hermetically sealed at room temperature
- Thin membranes over each reservoir protect drug post-sealing

Drug Release

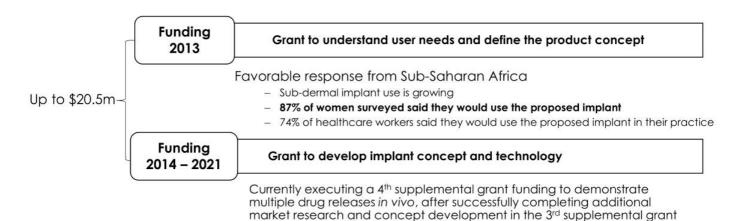
- · Drug doses are initiated automatically on schedule or wirelessly ondemand by a patient
- Reservoirs are opened via electrothermal ablation of membranes
- · Upon opening, interstitial fluid diffuses in and drug diffuses out



DARE-LARC1 User-Controlled Long Acting Reversible Contraception

funding

The Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation has strong interest in family planning. An estimated 215 million women in developing countries do not have access to contraception.



Daré Financial Summary

Q2-2020 Financial Highlights:

- Net cash provided from financing activities* through 6/30/20: \$11.0 million (net)
- Cash and equivalents (as of 6/30/2020): \$5.3 million

Updates from July 1 through August 11, 2020:

- Net cash provided by sales of stock and warrant exercises: \$3.5 million (net)
- · Common shares o/s: 31.6 million
- Warrants o/s: ~1.9 million

Funding sources:

- Since our inception, we have raised cash through the sale of our equity securities, M&A transactions, warrant and option exercises, non-dilutive grants, and license fees.
- We will endeavor to be creative and opportunistic in seeking the capital required to advance our candidates and to be efficient in the use of such capital.

^{*} Financing activities during the period included sales of stock, warrant exercises and proceeds from a PPP loan.

Daré Non-Dilutive Funding Sources

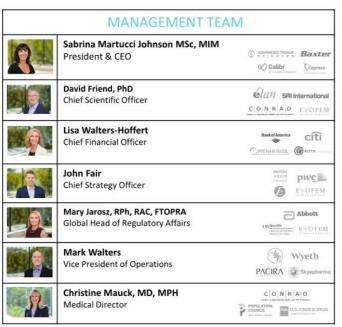
Grant funding:

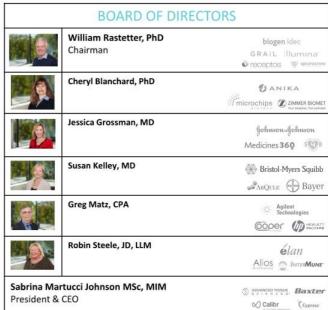
- \$1.9 million grant for Ovaprene R&D expenses from the Eunice Kennedy Shriver National Institute of Che Health and Human Development (NICHD), a division of the National Institutes of Health (NIH).
 - Eunice Kennedy Shriver National Institute of Child Health and Human Development (NICHD) of the National Institutes of Health Award Number R44 HD095724-
- \$20.5 million grant funding from Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation (2013-2021) to support development c DARE-LARC1.
 - September 21, 2020 Daré announced receipt of the final ~ \$0.9 million in funding under the current grant from the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation.
- Potential for up to \$2.3 million grant from the NIH to be awarded in phases to support the DARE-FRT1 program. Notice of award for initial \$300,000 in grant funding announced Aug 2020.
 - Eunice Kennedy Shriver National Institute of Child Health & Human Development of the National Institutes of Health Award Number R44 HD101169.

Cost optimization and value creation through partnerships and affiliates:

- Health Decisions, a CRO specializing in women's health; our agreement will provide dedicated resour
 and new pricing structures, which together with Health Decisions' expertise and established relationsh
 are expected to accelerate the development of key programs in a capital-efficient manner.
- Avomeen, an accredited, independent contract research, development, and manufacturing
 organization specializing in chemical analysis and product development. Our agreement provides a
 preferred discounting price structure and should enable Daré to leverage Avomeen's scientific exper
 including advanced instrumentation and development techniques.
- Australia's R&D tax incentive, allows for a refundable cash credit of up to 43.5% of investments made eligible companies in eligible R&D activities. We intend to apply for the maximum amount allowable under our DARE-HRT1 program.

Management Team & Board of Directors





WE ARE DELIVERING INNOVATION BY DARING TO BE DIFFERENT®

DARING TO BE DIFFERENT™AND ADVANCING PRODUCTS WOMEN WANT





NASDAQ: DARE

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